# Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & DERN, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

VOL. 3. ALTOONA, PA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 26, 1858. NO. 29



THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

McCRUM & DERN, Publishers and Proprietor

Per annum, (payable invariably in advance,) $1,50
All papers discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

| | 1 insertion | 2 do. | 3 do. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Four lines or less, | $ 25 | $ 37½ | $ 50 |
| One square, ( 8 lines,) | 50 | 75 | 1 00 |
| Two " (16 " ) | 1 00 | 1 50 | 2 00 |
| Three " (24 " ) | 1 50 | 2 00 | 2 50 |

Over three weeks and less than three months, 25 cents per square for each insertion.

| | 3 months. | 6 months. | 1 year. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Six lines or less, | $ 1 50 | $ 3 00 | $ 5 00 |
| One square, | 2 50 | 4 00 | 7 00 |
| Two " | 4 00 | 6 00 | 10 00 |
| Three " | 5 00 | 8 00 | 12 00 |
| Four " | 6 00 | 10 00 | 14 00 |
| Half a column, | 10 00 | 14 00 | 20 00 |
| One column, | 14 00 | 25 00 | 40 00 |
| Administrators and Executors Notices, | | | 1 75 |
| Merchants advertising by the year, three squares, with liberty to change, | | | 10 00 |
| Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 8 lines, with paper, per year, | | | 5 00 |

Communications of a political character or individual interest will be charged according to the above rates.
Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to the above terms.
Business notices five cents per line for every insertion.
Obituary notices exceeding ten lines, fifty cents a square.



## TRIBUNE DIRECTORY.

CHURCHES, MINISTERS, &C.

*Presbyterian*, Rev. A. B. CLARK, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 10½ o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock, A. M., in the Lecture Room. Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening in the same room.

*Methodist Episcopal*, Rev. S. A. WILSON, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 10½ o'clock and in the evening. Sabbath School in the Lecture Room at 2 o'clock, P. M. General Prayer Meeting in same room every Wednesday evening. Young Men's Prayer Meeting every Friday evening.

*Evangelical Lutheran*, (no Pastor.)—Sabbath School in the Lecture Room at 2 o'clock, P. M. Prayer Meeting in same room every Wednesday evening.

*United Brethren*, Rev. D. SPEER, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 10½ o'clock and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School in the Lecture Room at 9 o'clock A. M. Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening in same room.

*Protestant Episcopal*, Rev. R. W. OLIVER, Pastor.—Divine service 2d and 4th Sundays of each month at 10½ o'clock A. M., and 4½ P. M. Sunday School at 9 o'clock A. M.

*Catholic*. Rev. JOHN TWIGG, Pastor.—Preaching at 10½ o'clock in the morning, and at 3½ in the afternoon.

*Baptist*, (no Pastor.)—Sabbath School at 9 o'clock, A. M.

*African Methodist*, Rev. ESTHUS CAR, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock and in the evening, in the old Union School House.

ALTOONA MAIL SCHEDULE.

MAILS CLOSE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Eastern Way and Hollidaysburg at | 11 00 A. M. |
| Western " " | 8 00 A. M. |
| Hollidaysburg | 6 10 P. M. |
| Eastern Through Mail | 8 00 " |
| Western Trough, (Saturdays.) | 8 00 " |

MAILS ARRIVE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Eastern Through Mail, | 8 35 A. M. |
| Western Way and Hollidaysburg, | 11 30 P. M. |
| Eastern " | 6 45 " |

Office open for the transaction of business from 7 A. M. to 8 P. M., during the week, and from 8 to 9 o'clock, A. M. on Sunday.

June 4, '57-tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, P. M.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

Express Train East arrives 2,45 A. M., leaves 2,55 A. M.
" " West " 8,35 " " 8,55 "
Fast " East " 6,25 P. M. " 6,45 P. M.
" " West " 10,00 " " 10,05 "
Mail " East " 11,30 A. M., " 11,50 A. M.
" " West " 6,15 P. M., " 7,10 P. M.

The HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH connects with Express Train West. Mail Train East and West and with Fast Line East.

The BLAIRSVILLE BRANCH connects with Johnstown Way Train East and West, Express Train West and Mail Train East.

Dec. 21, '56-tf] THOS. A. SCOTT, Sup't.

MEETINGS OF ASSOCIATIONS.

*Mountain Lodge*, A. Y. M., No. 251, meets on second Tuesday of each month, in the third story of the Masonic Temple, at 7½ o'clock, P. M.

*Blanchard Encampment*, A. Y. M., No 10, meets on the third Tuesday of each month, in the third story of the Masonic Temple, at 7½ o'clock, P. M.

*Altoona Lodge*, I. O. of O. F., No. 473, meets every Friday evening, in the second story of the Masonic Temple, at 7½ o'clock, P. M.

*Friendship Lodge*, I. O. of O. F., No. 532, meets every Friday evening, in the third story of Patton's Building, on Virginia street, at 7½ o'clock, P. M.

*Winnebago Tribe*, No. 35, I. O. R. M., hold stated Councils every Tuesday evening in the I. O. O. F. Hall, in the Masonic Temple. Council Fire kindled at 7th run 30th month. A. EBERLE, *C. of R.* [June 25, '57-1y

*Junior Sons of America*, Camp No. 31, meets every Monday night in the third story of Patton's Hall, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

*Judges of the Courts*.—President, Hon. George Taylor.—Associates, J. Penn Jones, David Caldwell.
*Prothonotary*—Joseph Baldridge.
*Register and Recorder*—Hugh A. Caldwell.
*Sheriff*—George Port. Deputy—John McClure.
*District Attorney*—Benj. L. Hewit.
*County Commissioners*—James Hutchison, David M. Conrad.
*County Surveyor*—James L. Gwinn.
*Treasurer*—S. Hoover.
*Auditors*—J. W. Tippery, S. Morrow, A. C. McCartney.
*Poor House Directors*—C. Guyer, George Weaver, Samuel Silver.
*Coroner*—James Funk.
*Superintendent of Common Schools*—John Dean.

ALTOONA BOROUGH OFFICERS.

*Justices of the Peace*—Jacob Good, J. M. Cherry.
*Burgess*—E. M. Jones.
*Town Council*—James Lowther, R. H. McCormick, John Allison, Peter Reed, Nelson Glanding.
*President of Council*—R. H. McCormick.
*Clerk to Council*—John McClelland.
*Borough Treasurer*—James Lowther.
*School Directors*—George W. Patton, C. B. Sink, C. C. Mann, G. W. Sparks, Joseph Mohr, Wm. C. McCormick.
*Treasurer of School Board*—Wm. C. McCormick.
*High Constable*—Joseph K. Ely.
*Tax Collector*—John McClelland.
*Auditors*—I. D. Thomas, Thos. McMinn.
*Assessor*—John McClelland.
*Assistant Assessors*—Daniel Price, David Dehl.
*Judges of Elections*—East Ward—John B. Warfel.
" " West " Jacob Good.
" " North " Alexander Riling.
*Inspectors*—East Ward—H. A. Beck, Alex. Montgomery.
" " West " J. H. Roberts, M. Cranbaugh.
" " North " Wm. Valentine, Wm. Reed.

PLUGS, DATES, PRUNES, CITRONS and Currants in store and for sale by WM. N. SHUGARD, March 25, '58-1y] 191 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

ALMONDS, WALNUTS, CREAM Nuts and Filberts in store and for sale by WM. N. SHUGARD, March 25, '58-1y] 191 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC Paint, also Chrome, Green, Yellow, Paris Green, dry or ground in oil at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

ALL THE STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES AT [1-tf. KESSLER'S.

LOVERING AND NEW ORLEANS Syrup Molasses, at fair prices, at HENRY LEHR'S. June 18, '57-1y]

GROCERIES.—A LARGE AND complete assortment of Groceries have just been received at the store of J. B. HILEMAN.

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, Trusses, and Shoulder Braces for sale at KESSLER'S. 1-tf]

BLANKS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS neatly and expeditously executed at this office.

GLASS 8x10 TO 20x24, AND CUT to order by G. W. KESSLER.


## Select Poetry.

### THE OLD SEXTON.

Nigh to a grave that was newly made
Leaned a Sexton old, on his earth-worn spade,
His work was done, and he paused to wait
The funeral train at the open gate.
A relic of by-gone days was he,
And his locks were gray as the foamy sea;
And these words came from his lips so thin—
"I gather them in—I gather them in!"

"I gather them in—for man and boy,
Year after year of grief and joy,
I've builded the houses that lie around,
In every nook of this burial ground;
Mother and daughter, father and son,
Gone to my solitude, one by one;
But come they strangers, or come they kin,
I gather them in—I gather them in!

"Many are with me, yet I'm alone;
I'm the King of the dead, and I make my throne
On the monument slab of marble cold,
My sceptre of rule is the spade I hold;
Come they from cottage or come they from hall,
Mankind are my subjects—all—all—all!
Let them loiter in pleasure or toilfully skin,
I gather them in—I gather them in!

"I gather them in—and their final rest
Is here, down here, in the earth's dark breast."
And the Sexton ceased, as the funeral train
Wound mutely over the solemn plain;
And I said to myself—When Time is told,
Amightier voire than that Sexton's old,
Will be heard o'er the last trump's dreadful din:
"I gather them in—I gather them in!"

## Select Miscellany.

[Original.]

### Reminiscences of College Life.

CHAPTER VII.

All the time I was at College, the "town boys" cherished hatred towards the students. This arose from various causes, prominent among which was the intimacy existing between the students and the ladies. The "town boys" had to stand back when the students wanted to "go it" with the ladies. Hence the enmity that existed. Other less important reasons might be given, but the one already mentioned was sufficient to keep the spark of hatred living. It would sometimes manifest itself in furtive glances and smothered imprecations; sometimes, kindling into a flame, it would lead to personal collisions of not much importance. Some of the ladies would frequently succeed in getting a husband out of the number attending College; others not quite so lucky, would experience the mortification of seeing their beaux graduate and go off, leaving them in a state of single blessedness to enjoy its disappointments a little longer. It truly was hazardous on their part to risk so much in the uncertain hope of getting one, who, in nine cases out of ten, had left a loved one behind him.

The students in the higher classes were the principal ones who made it a practice of visiting the ladies. Those in the lower classes believed, and I think correctly too, that they should not become so familiar with the fair sex, at least at College where they would very likely be tempted to visit them often to the neglect of their studies. Hence, when vacation would come, and desiring to make the most of their time while books were thrown aside, they would make some awkward blunders in the presence of ladies. When speaking to them, they would sometimes say, "Yes sir" and "No sir;" "Good bye, sir," "Good morning, sir," etc., when no gentleman was present.

At the commencement of each session, there were some rich, rare and racy experiences related. Some had been beautifully jilted; others had been captivated by a pair of black eyes; a few had plighted their hearts. I remember of a student once telling me that he had "popped the question" to one of Eve's fair daughters the previous vacation, and now he had a notion to back out, for he took a second thought. "I have three years yet to stay at college," said he, "and that is too long for her to wait." I inquired if he thought she would wait so long. He said he didn't ask her. I told him that I thought she wouldn't wait so long upon him since he manifested such ignorance in the matter. I know not what he made out of the affair, for he soon left college and never returned. Another student told me one time how he became enamored of a young lady. It was no secret, for he told others. I will give it in his own language as near as I can remember:

"I happened at a beautiful little village in which I wished to stop a week or two. At the house where I remained was an accomplished lady of great personal attractions. She was communicative and exceedingly interesting, and was very fond of regaling my ears with music from her piano; and I became *particularly* fond of standing or sitting by her side listening to her sweet voice as it swelled in beautiful symphonies among the notes of the instrument. Two pieces of music she played more than any others, "became," she said, "they were favorites of mine." I began to think I loved her, but did'nt tell her so—perhaps she knew it at any rate.

"After spending two delightful weeks in that village, which I thought was the more beautiful because Maggie was there, I left for college. I kissed her as we parted, and I think I feel that kiss tingling in my heart now. She asked me in a subdued voice to write, informing her of my arrival at college; I said I would, and I did so, besides telling her a good deal more than she asked. I can safely tell you that thoughts of her have frequently interrupted my studies; and if she were handy to college, they would certainly be interrupted much more. I did not plight my heart, but only one thing prevented me from doing so, I had not finished my studies. If she is single two years hence, I will offer my hand and my heart too."

A new student once came to college and entered our class who bid fair to excel. Each one looked to his own laurels, lest the stranger should outstrip him in learning and carry off the palm. He progressed rapidly in every study he undertook, until he became acquainted with a lady in town, when, from that time forward, a great change for the worse was clearly visible in his recitations. At night, after the rooms had been visited, he would lock his door and steal out of the building, start for town and spend the greater part of the night with his flame. In studying his lessons, he would often look from his book and, after apparently revolving something in his mind, would break out in ejaculations in praise of his "ladye love." Thus he continued until he promised to marry her when he resolved, in order to shorten his stay at college, to take a *partial* course. I could give a number of similar instances, showing the influence which females have upon certain persons at college—persons not able to bear up against the facinations of the opposite sex, but who yield to the soft pressure of a delicate hand, or who mistake a smile for a declaration of love, but I forbear.

### An Essay.

The following beautiful essay, published by the St. Louis *Republican*, as read by a young lady at the St. Louis High School, is inspired by a lively fancy. It will remind the reader of the sketch in Shirley, "When the morning stars sang together," and of Blanco White's splendid sonnet, "Mysterious Night:"

"LET THERE BE LIGHT."

"In the beginning," deeper than Egyptian darkness was that which enveloped the earth.

No twinkling star relieved the solemn blackness of the sky, nor tiny ray from the fire-fly's feeble lamp enlivened the chaos; but all was silent, heavy darkness.

Around the throne of the mighty God was collected all light, which there shone with illimitable splendor.

At last the omnipotent voice of the Creator pronounced the words, "Let there be light," and from the throne there issued a vast flood of glowing radiance which descended on the swift wings of morning to illume the earth.

Then arose a mighty shout of joy from the assembled host of heaven, and "God said, 'It is good.'"

Darkness drew her soubre mantle around her, and fled affrighted to the secret caverns of the earth.

The light danced merrily on the sparkling waves, and penetrated the deep ocean. Softly it called the hidden verdure from the cold bosom of the earth, and joyfully it was obeyed.

The merry insect sported on its wing, and life was throughout the regions of the earth.

Water resolved into vapor and floated as fleecy clouds in the air.

Then the seven colors bent in a loving embrace across the sky, forming the rainbow arch, and parted to do their appointed work.

The red painted with fairy pencil the robes of Aurora; kissed the delicate petals of the flowers, then divided into the sea, and left a glowing blush on the seashell's cheek.

Green moved quickly over the earth, touching trees and grass with its refreshing color.

Yellow sprang to the sunset sky and pencilled it with its bright golden hue; then glided gently to the peeping stars, and left her color in their mellowed rays; moved along the sea shore on the shining sands, and sought the dark caverns of the earth at last, where it left its magic impress on the glittering metal.

Blue spread the heavens with its soft, etherial azure, then rested on the bosom of the clear, transparent waters.

Purple went to the over burdened vine, and left its tint on the luscious grape.

Violet, abashed, fled to a modest flow'ret and hid in its jeweled cup.

Orange, as it passed over the fields, colored the little wild flowers with its brilliant hue, then sought the delicious fruits of the South, and smiled upon them.

Again were the colors sent on their mission when man was created.

Red tinged the rich blood which coursed through his veins, pressed his cheeks with the glow of health, and lingered enraptured on the lips of a life-long kiss.

Blue dwelt in the mild radiance of his beaming eye. Yellow danced in the wavy ringlets of his hair, and the seven colors, united in a beautiful combination left, their snowy impress on his noble brow.

Then God, the maker, pronounced in loving tones those thrilling words, "Let there be light," and living light from the Divine Spirit illuminated man's frame, and he became an immortal being.

He looked at the earth and saw the springing flowers and the creeping reptiles. He gazed about him and beheld the vast ocean swelling and dashing, and the tall forest trees covering the earth for many miles, and affording shade to the innumerable animals that dwelt in peace and harmony. He raised his eyes to the heavenly vault studded with stars, and strove in vain to penetrate the mysterious curtain. The man reasoned: "Who could be the author of these wondrous things?" And a mighty voice replied, "It is I—the First and the Last." And man worshipped the great "I am," for he felt that He was his maker.

But soon the clouds obscured the light; the tempter came with his insinuating wiles, and man forgot his God.

Then came Death, the King of Darkness, to take the place of the lost Light.

But God was merciful, and sent the glorious Sun of Righteousness to drive darkness away forever.

The heavenly decree "let there be light," has been issued every time a new soul is born into the kingdom of Christ, and whenever the light of intelligence beams upon the soul; though often in mercy the Good Father's voice remained silent, and the weeping friends, and the heart broken mother lament the birth of an idiot child, for those blessed words have not yet been spoken; but they are spoken when

"The soul, freed from its cumbrous prison of clay,
Greets the eternal morn of a heavenly day."

At last, when "the earth is consumed by fire, and the earth passes away with a great noise," the light will return to Heaven, and shine with renewed splendor around the "Great White Throne."

There for an eternity will it shine, reflected on the pure and happy faces of the blest.

### Singular Hare Hunt.

A few days since, says the Petersburg Democrat, as Mr. Charles Warner, of this city, was going a short distance in the country on foot to visit a friend, he observed a hare in the road, just beyond the bridge which crosses Lieutenant Run, in the rear of the heights, that appeared to be listening and looking back for something which pursued it. He stood still, and hearing no dog, was curious to discover the cause of its alarm, when, to his surprise, he discovered the object of it to be a small brown animal, which he took to be a weazel, and which hunted the footsteps of the hare with the utmost precision.

Mr. Warner wishing to know if so diminutive an animal could cope successfully with the speed of the hare, retreated to a bush near by, where he was an attentive observer of the hunt for nearly two hours, during which time he is certain he saw both the hare and the weazel at least forty times. They were frequently out of sight for several minutes, but the hare, still unwilling to leave the place where it was found, came round again, and with the little enemy sometimes close at its heels. Toward the end of the remarkable chase, which became uncommonly interesting, the hare took advantage of the thickest covert that the place afforded, and made use of all her cunning to escape, but without effect; until at length wearied out by the perseverance of her pursuer, it was heard to cry for some time. At last, the cries coming from one point, he concluded it had become the victim of the chase, and went to the spot, where he found the hare quite dead, and the weazel so intently fast on its neck as not to observe his approach, and which became a victim to his cane.

NECESSITY OF EXERCISE.—The benefits of exercise to those whose occupation does not lead them to make any physical exertion, cannot be too highly estimated. The body must undergo a certain amount of fatigue to preserve its natural strength, and maintain all the muscles and organs in proper vigor. The activity equalizes the circulation, and distributes the blood more effectually through every part. The muscles during exercise press on the veins and help forward the current by quickening every vessel into activity. The valves of the heart are in this way aided in the work of sending on this stream, and relieved of a certain amount of labor. When exercise is neglected, the blood gathers too much around the central region, and the oppression about the heart, difficulty of breathing, lowness of spirits, anxiety and heaviness, numerous aches and stitches, are evidence of this stagnation.

People are afraid to take exercise because they fancy they want breath and feel weak. But the very effort would free the heart from burden, by urging the blood forward to the extremities; it would ease their breathing by liberating the lungs from the same superabundance; it would make the frame feel light and active, as the effect of equalized circulation and free action.—*The Laws of Health.*

### A Thrilling Adventure.

We question whether, in the history of 'hairbreadth' escapes, a parallel to the following can easily be found. The story was told us by an old and valued friend, now residing in the country near this city, but whose early days were spent near the tragic adventure here recorded.

We give the story as related to us, in the words of the hero:

'It was about the year 1805 that I settled in Virginia, near the fall of the Kenawa. The country at that time was an unbroken wilderness. But few settlements had been then made by the whites, and they were so far apart as to render vain all hopes of assistance in case of an attack from hostile Indians—numbers of whom still infested the neighborhood.

'I lived there alone with my wife for several months unmolested, and by dint of perseverance, being then young and hardy, had succeeded in making quite a large clearing in the forest, which I had planted with corn, and which promised an abundant yield.

'One morning after we had despatched our humble meal, and I had just prepared to venture forth upon my regular routine of labor my attention was arrested by the tinkling of a cowbell in the corn-field.

'There,' said my wife, 'the cow is in the corn-field.'

'But the ear of the back-woodsman becomes, by education, very acute, especially so from the fact that his safety often depends upon the nice cultivation of that sense. I was not so easily deceived. I listened—the sound was repeated. 'That,' said I, in the reply to the remark of my wife, 'was not the tinkle of a bell upon the neck of a cow. It is a decoy from some Indian who desires to draw me into ambush.'

'Believing this to be the case, I took down my old musket, (I had no rifle,) and seeing that it was properly loaded, I stole cautiously around the field towards the point from which the sound seemed to proceed. As I had suspected, there in a cluster of bushes, crouched an Indian waiting for me to appear in answer to his decoy-bell, that he might send the fatal bullet to my heart. I approached, without discovering myself to him, until within shooting distance, then raised my piece and fired. The bullet sped true to its mark, and the Indian fell dead.

'Not knowing but he might be accompanied by others, I returned with all speed to the cabin, and having firmly barricaded the door, I watched all day from the port-holes in anticipation of an attack from the companions of the Indian I had killed.—To add to the danger and seeming hopelessness of my situation, I discovered that I had but one charge of powder left. I could but make one shot, and then, if attacked by numbers, I should be entirely in their power. Determined to do the best with what I had, I poured out the last charge of powder and put it into my musket and then waited for the approach of night, feeling confident of an attack.—Night came at last. A beautiful moonlight night it was too, and this favored me greatly, as I would thereby be able to observe the movements of the enemy as they approached my cabin. It was some two hours after nightfall, and as yet I had neither heard nor seen a sign of the Indians, when suddenly I was startled by the baying of my dog at the stable. I knew that the Indians were coming. The stable stood a little to the west of the cabin, and between the two was a patch of clear ground, upon which the light of the full moon fell unobstructed. Judging from the noise at the stable that they would advance from that direction, I posted myself at the port-hole on that side of the cabin.

'I had previously placed my wife on the cross-pole in the chimney, so that, in case our enemies effected an entrance into the cabin, she might climb out through the low chimney and effect her escape.—For myself, I entertained no hope; but, determined not to be taken alive, I resolved to sell my life dearly.

'With breathless anxiety I watched at the port-hole At length I saw them emerge from the shadow of the stable and advance across the vacant ground towards my cabin. One—two—three—great Heavens! six stalwart Indians, armed to the teeth, and urged on by the hope of revenge, and I alone to oppose them, with one charge of powder. My case was desperate, indeed. With quick yet stealthy step, in close single file, they approached, and were already within a few yards of the house, when a slight change in the movement of the forward Indians changed the position of the entire six, so that a portion of the left side of each was uncovered. They were in a range—one aim would cover all.—Quick as thought I aimed and fired. As the smoke cleared away, I could hardly credit what my senses showed me as the result of my shot. The fifteen slugs with which I had loaded my musket had done their work well, five of the six Indians lay dead upon the ground, and the sixth had disappeared.

'Although no enemy was now in sight, I did not venture forth until morning. There lay the bodies of five Indians undisturbed, together with the rifle of the other. Securing the arms and ammunition of the fallen Indians, I followed up the trail of the missing one until it reached the river, beyond which point I could discover no trace whatever. From the amount of blood which marked the trail, together with the unmistakeable evidence that he had picked his way with difficulty, I was led to believe that he was mortally wounded, and in order to prevent his body from falling into the hands of his white foe, he had groped his way to the river and thrown himself into the current, which had borne him away.

'The Indians had killed my cow, and that, you may be assured, was no trifling loss, yet, in my gratitude for my escape from the merciless savages, I would have been utterly willing to have made greater sacrifices. I was well provided—by means of arms and ammunition taken from the six Indians—in case of a second attack; but this, fortunately, proved to be my last adventure with the savages. Not one of the band had escaped to tell the tale and incite his brethren to avenge the death of his other comrades.

'Ah!' exclaimed the old man, while the tears gushed from his eyes at the memory of that eventful night, 'that was a glorious shot—the best I ever made.'

The hero of this adventure lived to see the rude wilderness, he had pitched his lonely cabin, transformed into smiling fields and peopled by hardy and enterprising pale faces, among whom his last days were passed in peace and plenty, undisturbed by the presence of his old time foes.

### The Printer.

The Printer is the Adjutant of thought, and this explains the mystery of the wonderful word that can kindle a hope as no song can—that word "we," with a hand in hand warmth in it, for the Author and the Printer are Engineers together. Engineers indeed! When the little Corsican bombarded Cadiz at the distance of five miles, it was deemed a great triumph of engineering. But what a paltry range is that to this, whereby they bombard the ages yet to be?

There at the "case" he stands and marshals into line the force armed for truth, clothed in immortality and English. And what can be nobler than equipment of a thought in sterling—Saxon with the ring of speer on shield therein, and commissioning it when we are dead, to go gradually on to "the latest syllable of recorded time." This is to win a victory from death, for this has no dying in it.

The printer is called a laborer, and the office he performs is toil. Oh, it is *not* work, but a sublime right he is performing, when he thus sights the engine, that is to fling a worded truth in grander curve than missiles ere before described—fling it into the bosom of an age unborn. He throws off his coat indeed; we but wonder rather, that he does not put the shoes off his feet, for the place whereon he stands is holy ground.

A little song was uttered somewhere, long ago; it wandered through the twilight feebler than a star; it died upon the ear. But the printer takes it up where it was lying in silence, like a wounded bird, and equips it anew with wings, and sends it forth from the ark that preserved it, and it flies into the future with the olive branch of peace, and around the world, with melody like the dawning of a spring morning.

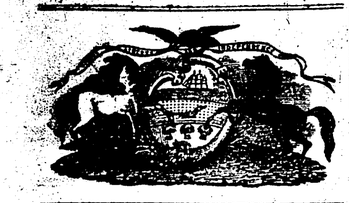
THE ATMOSPHERE OF HOME.—Care much for books and pictures. Don't keep a solemn parlor into which you go but once a month with the parson, or the sewing circle. Hang around your walls pictures which shall tell stories of mercy, hope, courage, faith and charity. Make your living room the largest and most cheerful in the house. Let the place be such that when your boy has gone to distant lands, or even when, perhaps, he clings to a single plank in the lonely waters of the wide ocean, the thought of the still homestead shall come across the desolation, bringing always light, hope and love.—Have no dungeon about your house—no room you never open—no blinds that are always shut.

TOMATO PRESEVES.—Take the round yellow variety as soon as ripe, scald and peel; then to seven pounds of tomatoes add seven pounds of white sugar, and let them stand over night. Take the tomatoes out of the sugar, and boil the syrup, removing the scum. Put in the tomatoes, and boil gently fifteen or twenty minutes, remove the fruit again and boil until the syrup thickens. On closing, put the fruit into jars and pour the syrup over it, and you will have something to please the taste of the most fastidious.

☞ A young urchin upon hearing that his brother was very sick, asked his father "I say dad, if Pete dies, can't I have his boots?" That was cutting it in cool prospective.

SPIES.—He who turns spy for pleasure, would not stickle to be hangman for business.

# The Altoona Tribune.



ALTOONA, PA.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 26, 1858.

☞ Where parties are unknown to us, our rule for advertising is to require payment in advance, or a guarantee from known persons. It is therefore useless for all such to send us advertisements offering to pay at the end of three or six months. Where advertisements are accompanied with the money, whether one, five or ten dollars, we will give the advertiser the full benefit of cash rates.


THANKS.—Geo. F. Dern, Esq., of Cincinnati, will please accept our thanks for repeated favors conferred in furnishing us with the late daily papers of that city. We hope he will repeat the favor often in future.

☞ We feel that we owe our readers an apology for the indifferent appearance of our paper this week, and offer as an excuse the indisposition of the junior editor and a rush of job work, which has prevented us from making a new roller.

### A Protective Tariff.

The recent financial crisis, which has prostrated commerce and manufacture in this country, has induced the thinking portion of the American people to consider the cause. A very slight examination will bring them to the conclusion that it is in a great measure, if not entirely, attributable to the limited Protection now afforded to American industry by our government. We have tried a Protective Tariff and found it to result in the building up of all the industrial interests of the country, giving work to the laborer, establishing a sound currency and creating general confidence in all departments of business.—We have tried a Free Trade Tariff also, and the result has been the embarrassment of our country—banks breaking—merchants breaking—furnaces out of blast—mines abandoned—railroads failing—rolling mills idle—silence among the spindles—workmen idle—ships rotting at the wharves—debtors absconding—sheriff's sales—and a general despondency among all classes. How different the results?—Can any one look upon them and not be convinced that the present Tariff is detrimental to the interests of our country?

Much as the advocates of a Free Trade Tariff would like to ignore the question, it is daily becoming more and more apparent that Protection to American Industry, will be one of the prominent issues in the coming Fall elections, as well as in the Presidential campaign of 1860, for which the political parties are already taking the initiatory steps. Indeed, from present indications, this question will override all others, so far as Pennsylvania is concerned. "Coming events cast their shadows before." In every section of the State we find the Opposition journals—American and Republican—unfurling the Protective flag; and Opposition leaders, and in many instances men who have hitherto acted with the Democratic party, planting themselves upon the Protective platform. Aspirants for political promotion are also trimming their sails to catch the popular breeze, and talk boldly and enthusiastically for Protection. The masses of the people—farmers, mechanics and workingmen—the "bone and sinew of the land" who do the voting, begin to feel the absolute necessity of having their industry and labor encouraged and protected—and from the centre to the circumference of our iron-bound Commonwealth, there is a stern, determined purpose manifested by the "sons of toil," to accomplish at the ballot-box what has been persistently denied them by their recreant Representatives and the powers at Washington.—Their votes, at the coming election, will be cast with direct reference to this question, and none but open and avowed friends of Protection to American Industry, will receive their support or be elected to Congress. The Republicans of Allegheny county, in their address to the people, referring to this question of the Tariff, says, with much truth, that "a serious matter to the people of this country is to be found in the fact that while the revenue of the government has fallen off, owing to the revulsion which took place in 1857, and distress has fallen upon the nation in consequence of the prostration of all branches of industry, the party in power absolutely refuses to revise the tariff, either to increase the revenue or restore prosperity to the people. It finds the government unable to get along without borrowing, yet will not take any steps to increase the revenue; it sees every branch of national industry paralyzed, yet refuses to remodel the tariff, so as to afford, at once, protection to workingman and increase revenue to the government. In this emergency it behooves the people to show themselves equal to the crisis by *demanding* such a revision of the tariff as will afford protection to American industry, restore activity to our workshops and furnish employment to the suffering thousands to whom a pitiless and unworthy government has turned a deaf ear. This is a great national question, and one demanding the immediate attention of the people: and the only sure way of obtaining the desired relief and accomplishing a return to the Protective principle is to return to Congress such men as will give heed to the popular cry and minister to the public wants."

RESIGNATION OF CYRUS W. FIELD.—We understand that since Mr. Field has sent in his resignation as active manager of the Atlantic Telegraph Company, a feeling of strong regret has been very generally expressed among the stockholders in this country, and many letters have been addressed to him begging of him to withdraw his letter. But, owing partly to his impaired health, and partly to the pressure of his private business affairs, Mr. F. has, we understand, felt himself compelled to persist in his course.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY.—The September number of this valuable periodical is before us, freighted with choice reading matter from the pens of the best living authors in the country. The story of "The Kinloch Estate" is excellent, and the "Autocrat of the Breakfast Table," which has been continued in several numbers, is certainly a master production and well worth the subscription price. Price $3 per annum. Philip, Sampson & Co., Publishers, Boston.

☞ We refer our readers to a communication in to-day's paper, over the signature of "One Who Knows." We merely desire to remark for the present, that if the "satisfactory arrangement" which is referred to has been *covertly* made by any one of the Congressional candidates, and if through such means he should succeed in securing the nomination, it can only result in his disastrous defeat.

☞ The acting President of the United States at this time is said to be a young man named James Buchanan Henry.—Each morning he records the reports of the Departments, notes their contents, and sends such as he thinks requires the attention of his uncle, the President, wherever he may be.

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.—This excellent Journal of Science and Art, has acquired a large circulation and is about to commence a new volume. It is a paper that every mechanic should have in his house. See advertisement in another column.

### PEN AND SCISSORS.

☞ Plenty as flies—tramping jour printers.

☞ Prevalent—cold feet on the camp ground on Tuesday morning last.

☞ Love—Like measels, is all the worse when it comes late in life.

☞ Belle Brittian has defined fliration to be *at*-tention without *in*-tention.

☞ Mottos for the Cable.—"All's well that *ends* well." "*Long* may it *wave*."

☞ The latest novelty in female dress is announced as a new style of skirt, called the "Leviathan Crinoline."

☞ "Satisfactory arrangement"—over the left—that hinted at by "one who knows."—More anon. *Nous verrons.*

☞ Woman has found her true "sphere" at last. It is about twenty-seven feet round, made of hoops.

☞ Three things that never agree—two cats over one mouse, two wives in one house, or two lovers after one maiden.

☞ Jack Frost was in town on Tuesday morning last. He was seen by a number of early risers.

☞ The British flag was hoisted on Capitol Hill, Washington, on Tuesday, for the first time since the last war with England.

☞ A hen's egg was recently found in Lawrence county, Pa., firmly embedded in the sand, thirty-three feet below the surface.

☞ A Hotel and livery stable keeper, at a fashionable watering place, advertises *Sociables* for young people, and *Sulkies* for married folks.

☞ Mr. G. J. Bower, of Newbern, whipped his wife and she left him. She was right.—She was the *right* Bower, and he the *left* one.

☞ During an examination, a medical student being asked the question, "When does mortification ensue?" replied: "When you pop the question and are answered, 'No.'"

☞ An Irishman on being told to grease the wagon, returned in about an hour afterwards, and said: "I've greased every part of the wagon, but them sticks the wheels hang on."

☞ A little boy returning home from Sunday School, said to his mother, "Ma, ain't there a *kitten*chism for *little* boys? this *cat-e*-chism is too hard."

☞ A railroad track-layer in Massachusetts has absconded with a considerable amount of funds. He preferred making tracks to laying them.

☞ Notwithstanding the heat of the weather, and the large number of absentees from the city, the noonday prayer meetings at Jayne's Hall, Philadelphia, are still kept up and well attended.

☞ In town on Tuesday—Bill Shaw, late editor of the Lewistown *Aurora*, looking fresh and hearty. The bottling business appears to agree with him.

☞ John Schneider, residing near Somerset, committed suicide last week, by cutting his throat with a razor. He was a single man, about thirty years of age, and very intemperate.

☞ Ben Whitten, editor of the *Moccasin Herald*, says the Ohio river is like a drunkard, because it takes in *Monongahela* at Pittsburg, gets *high*, runs against *bars*, receives a *Licking* at Cincinnati, and *falls* over at Louisville.

☞ A city urchin on hearing his father reading of the new invention of glass bricks, exclaimed: "Glass bricks—I know what them is." "What are they?" inquired one of the family. "Tumblers of liquor," shouted the juvenile.

☞ Hard place—Columbus, Kentucky. An old farmer, who had been badly swindled there, said of it: "If the Angel Gabriel happens to light at Columbus, there'll be no resurrection, for they'll swindle him out of his trumpet before he can make a single toot!"

☞ The far-famed Camp of Instruction, at Williamsport, seems to be growing small by degrees. The military of Philadelphia have resolved not to attend, and those of Lancaster and Dauphin counties have resolved to hold Encampments at home.

☞ A Frenchman being about to remove his shop, his landlord inquired the reason; stating, at the same time, that it was considered a very good stand for business. The Frenchman replied with a shrug of the shoulder, "Oh, yes, he's very good *stand* for de business; by gar, me *stand* all day, for nobody come to make me move.

☞ A letter passed through the Cleveland post office on Saturday last, superscribed as follows—

"In Iowa there resides
Lovina Sharple's fair,
Her post office is at Springdale
And she rides on the old gray mare.

☞ There is a baby in Cincinnati, the child of Mr. Cannon, which weighed twenty-four pounds at eleven months of age.

He must be, at the age of twenty-and-one
A dangerous piece, 'tis remarkably clear—
When the young Cyclopean son of a gun
Is a 24-pounder the very first year.

☞ That.—That *that* may be gramatically jumbled up considerably, is fully proved by the following curious lines:

Now *that* is a word which may often be joined,
For *that that* may be doubled is clear to the mind,
And *that that that* is right is as plain to the view,
As *that that that that* we used, is as rightly used too,
And *that that that that that* line has in it is right—
In accordance with grammar, is plain to our sight.

☞ The Poets have been "doing" the Atlantic telegraph in all sorts of lyrics. Among the clever things, the following from the Philadelphia *Bulletin* is not the worst:

What is your mission to the world,
I asked the Telegraphic wire;
What are the feelings that you seek,
Amongst the nations to inspire?
Will you not peaceful thoughts instil?
"*Aye, amicable! that I will!*"

A very good pun is contained in the following:

THE QUEEN'S MESSAGE.

"*Dear Buchanan:*
"I send this by my rope,"
THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.
"*Dear Victoria:*
"I send this to Europe!

The genius who perpetrated the following, it is said, fainted after the effort, and was carried off on a shutter:

The Atlantic cable
Ain't a fable
Bring forth several bottles of Champagne and
place them on the table,
We intend to be slewed as Cain slew Able.
Till we can't stand, but must sit on our gable.

A SAD ACCIDENT.—A very serious accident happened at the Rolling Mill yesterday morning, which nearly proved fatal to a number of persons. For some time past workmen have been engaged in putting up a brick cornice on the outside of the mill, and to enable them to do so a scaffolding had been erected after the usual plan. Soon after the workmen had commenced their day's labor on this scaffolding yesterday morning, a portion of it gave way, precipitating those who were on it to the ground a distance of some twenty feet. Four men, named John Sanderson, Jeremiah Mahoney, James M'Keever and William Williams, were seriously injured, while several others received painful contusions and bruises, but were able to go about after the accident. Sanderson had both legs broken, and was otherwise seriously hurt. Dr. Bramwell dressed his wounds, and he is doing as well as could be expected. Mahoney had a rib fractured, one hand crushed, and was considerably cut about the head and face. He bled profusely at the ears, nose and mouth, and became delirious. The Dr. thinks he is injured internally. Williams had no bones broken, but was much cut and bruised in the head and face. Dr. Yeagley ministered to their relief. M'Keever had one ankle joint dislocated and received other injuries requiring the aid of a physician. Dr. Hay attended him. It is not thought that either of the men is fatally injured, but the wounds of Sanderson and Mahoney will keep them bed-fast for some time.—*Johnstown Tribune.*

A BOLD, BUT BEAUTIFUL FIGURE.—During the delivery of a sermon in St. Patrick's Catholic church, at Washington, D. C., the speaker, Rev. Francis X. Boyle, made use of the following beautiful figure in connection with the Atlantic Telegraph: "What is it, after all, when compared with the instantaneous communication between the throne of Divine Grace and the heart of man? Offer up your silent petition for grace. It is transmitted through the realms of unmeasured space more rapidly than the lightning's flash, and the answer reaches the soul ere the prayer has died away on the sinner's lips. Yet this telegraph, performing its saving functions ever since Christ died for man on Calvalry, fills not the world with exultations and shouts of gladness—with illuminations and bonfires and booming cannon. The reason is, one is the telegraph of this world, and may produce wonderful revolutions on earth; the other is the sweet communion between Christ and the Christian's soul, and will secure a glorious immortality in heaven."

The yellow fever is begining to create some alarm in the vicinity of the New York or Staten Island quarantine. The *Post* says there appears to be a disposition on the part of the health authorities to conceal the existence of the disease on Staten Island, thus laying the foundation for an unnecessary panic by and by. A number of cases have occurred outside of the quarantine walls, and one case has been brought from there to this city.

*For the Altoona Tribune.*

### Presentations.

In looking over the Blair County *Whig*, of the 17th inst., I notice an article under the above caption, on the presentation of a gold watch and chain to Mr. Jonathan Rhule, the worthy Supervisor of the Division between Hollidaysburg and Huntingdon, in which the motives of the donors are questioned, in regard to which I wish to make a few remarks.

A short time since, the men on Mr. Rhule's Division held a consultation on the propriety of presenting him with a token of their respect, and finally agreed upon a gold watch as the article through which to convey it. They presented it to him fearlessly, disregarding anything that might be said disrespectful of it. This privilege granted to all American citizens of rewarding a faithful benefactor or friend, has excited the ire and disturbed the honesty of the editor of the *Whig* so much that he has stooped low enough to chastise the poor laboring man for exercising his right as a freeman, and impugn his motives. The money thus spent was our own—earned *honorably*—and in our humble opinion it is none of the Major's, or any other persons business, to what purpose we appropriate it. We generally make use of it as best suits our purpose.

But Mr. *Whig*, there appears to be a mighty sight of difference between the laboring men on the railroad rewarding their Supervisor, and the directors of the Bank of Pennsylvania donating to the President thereof all the silver that was in its vaults, in the shape of a silver service, for his services in mismanaging its affairs to the loss of money to many. The times were hard then, and they are equally hard now, but notwithstanding we see our friend Jonathan coming along regularly, on the fifteenth of every month, toating his tin box loaded with the "rino," redeeming all his promises to pay. This we consider is very eminent service. But we would ask the Major of the *Whig* if the poor laboring men of the country have not as much right to manifest their regards for a benefactor, in their own simple way, as he has to boast through his paper that A Vowhinkle gave him two tremendous tomatoes, some one gave him some fine corn for supper, or another gave him a huge turkey for his Christmas dinner. We think we have and will use it as suits us best.

If we were as suspicious of the purity of other men's motives as you are, or at least appear to be, of ours, Mr. *Whig*, we might justly say that the above presents were either bestowed unworthily, or were unbecoming the conductor of an American journal, or because of the poverty of the recipient. Touching the charge that we get very little more than will support our families, let it be said to the credit of the Company, that whatever they promise to pay us, they pay regularly in good money, and under the auspices of the times we are content, knowing that upon the return of prosperity to the country our wages will be raised to their former standard. We therefore request you, Mr. *Whig*, for the future not to meddle with our business unless you are intcrested personally, for whatever we have to give we will give cheerfully, to those who are worthy, regardless of anything you may dictate.

A. R. R. MAN.

August, 24, 1858.

*For the Altoona Tribune.*

### Has the American Party of Blair County been Sold Out?

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The above is the anxious inquiry of the day. Rumor says that it is true. Rumor tells many queen stories, and among the rest that a "satisfactory arrangement" has been made between a prominent candidate for Congressional honors and his friends of the first part, and two of the American Conferees of the second part—an arangement highly satisfactory to all parties—and hence arises the momentous question, "Has the American party of Blair county been sold out?" "We pause for a reply." In the mean time, let it be known to all the parties to this contract, that this *satisfactory arrangement* is fully understood, and that when the proper time arrives it will be made public, that the American party may know in whom they have reposed their confidence. More anon.

ONE WHO KNOWS.

August 23, 1858.

THE FOLLY OF DUELLING.—Punch says a wise thing now and then. He has struck the sensible view of dueling—its unfairness. Count the result of hostile meeting certain, and it is murder; count it hazzard, and the stakes are unequal. Quoth Punch;

Now, in England we have put an end to this kind of thing. Without reference to the brutal folly and wickedness of the duel, we have put an end to it simply as rational beings who can do a sum in substraction. We have—after a good many years, we confess of Montague House and Wormwood Scrubbs—arrived at the conclusions that duelling is unfair, because men are unequal in value.

We now agree that an educated, intellectual, working citizen, the mainstay of a loved family, the adviser of trusted friends, a useful recognized man, with life assurances that would be vitiated if he fell in wilful fray, is no match for an empty headed younger son, with just brains enough for drill, pale ale, and Skye terriers, who has been put into the army to be got rid of, and who may chance to find room in his narrow skull for an idea that he has been insulted. Arithmetic has settled the question, and Cocker forbids his pistol cocking.

We have got rid of the duel, because we can deduct Ensign Featherhead from Mr. Goldsworthy, and note the difference. So, if the Ensign, in an accession of martial fire, were to challenge Goldsworthy, be he the author, lawyer, doctor, merchant, or anybody else who used to come within the degree of consanguinity, (that is, might be asked to shed blood with somebody else,) Goldsworthy would select policeman as his second, and the Lord Mayor as the umpire.

THE MAN WITH A SHAWL NEED NOT APPLY.—We find in the Gospel (Maine) Banner the following advertisment: "I am desirous of securing the services of two male teachers to teach school the coming winter. I take this method therefore of making known the fact. If this notice meet the eye of any *man* (I mean physical as well as mental) who is willing to *teach* as well as *keep* school, I should be happy to see him.

"N. B.—No person who wears a *shawl, spectacles,* or *walks* with a *cane,* need apply, as sufficient instruction from that class has already been had. H. B. MAYNARD, Agent.

☞ Nine persons are confined in the Chicago jail, awaiting trial on charges for murder in the first degree.

We copy the following extract from the Harrisburg Keystone. The subject is as applicable in Blair as it is in Dauphin County.—Owners of real estate, whose deeds are not yet recorded, had better make note of it:

RECORDER.—Mr. Peter Hummel, the very efficient and obliging Recorder of our county, has published a notice of great importance to all owners, purchasers, or sellers of real estate. We learn from it that "by an act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, no title for Real Estate is perfect and secure, unless it be recorded within *six months after its execution*, if it be made within this State; or within *Twelve Months*, if executed out of the State, in the office for Recording of Deeds for the county where the lands lie; otherwise, every such deed or conveyance shall be adjudged fraudulent and void against any subsequent purchaser or mortagee for valuable consideration, unless such deed or conveyance be recorded as aforesaid, before the proving and recording of said deed or conveyance under which such subsequent purchaser or mortgagee shall claim.

A MOST FOUL MURDER.—The Cincinnati *Commercial* says that on Sunday last a party of young men from Middletown, Ohio, from twelve to fifteen in number, were on a wild, drunken spree, where the road croses the Miami river, when a young man, named Shelby, who resided in the country near that place, passed along, and a proposition was made to duck him. Pending the discussion of this notion, all the drunken party but three left for home. The trio remaining were a desperate set of fellows, concluded to have their fun with Shelby, and threw him into the river, where they worried him until he was strangled nearly to death. They pulled him out and revived him a little, when they threw him in again, and tormented him until he was utterly helpless, purple in the face and gasping. Then they dragged him upon the bank, placed a plank across his breast, and covering him with brush, left him. *He was found dead* in the position that his persecutors had placed him. The leader of the party, whose criminal recklessness has this awful fruit, is named Rhinehart and his family is one well known and much respected.


SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.—VOLUME FOURTEENTH begins September 11, 1858. *MECHANICS, INVENTORS, MANUFACTURERS AND FARMERS.*

The Scientific American has now reached its Fourteenth Year, and will enter upon a New Volume on the 11th of September. It is the only weekly publication of the kind now issued in this country, and it has a very extensive circulation in all the States of the Union. It is not, as some might suppose from its title, a dry, abstruse work on technical subjects, on the contrary, it deals with the great events going on in the scientific, mechanical and industrial works as to please and instruct every one. If the Mechanic or Artizan wishes to know the best machine in use, or how to make any substance employed in his business—if the Housewife wishes to get a recipe for making a good color, &c.—if the Inventor wishes to know what is going on in the way of improvements—if the Manufacturer wishes to keep posted with the times, and to employ the best facilities in his business—if the man of leisure and study wishes to keep himself familiar with the progress made in the chemical laboratory, and in the construction of telegraphs, steamships, railroads, reapers, mowers, and a thousand other machines and appliances, both of peace and war—all these *desiderata* can be found in the Scientific American, and *not elsewhere*. They are here presented in a reliable and interesting form, adapted to the comprehension of minds unlearned in the higher branches of science and art.

TERMS:—One Copy, One Year, $2; One Copy, 6 Months, $1: Five Copies, 6 Months, $4; Ten Copies, 6 Months, $8; Ten Copies, Twelve Months, $15; Fifteen Copies, Twelve Months, $20; 20 Copies, Twelve Months, $25, in advance.

Specimen copies sent gratuitously for inspection. Southern and Western money, or Postage Stamps, taken for subscriptions.

☞ Letters should be directed to MUNN & CO., 128 Fulton Street, N. Y.

☞ Messrs. Munn & Co. are extensively engaged in procuring patents for new inventions, and will advise inventors, without charge, in regard to the novelty of their improvements. [Aug. 19, 1858.

INTENSE EXCITEMENT!—McCORMICK'S NEW GOODS HAVE ARRIVED AND ARE NOW BEING OPENED FOR INSPECTION AND SALE.

"Halloo, neighbor, I'm here on the ground again. Perhaps you recollect when I, last year, asked you to hold my horse a moment and tell me where the CHEAP STORE was. But it is different now. It reminds me a little of the campaign of 1840, when Gen. Harrison was elected President. You have only to go with the crowd and you will have no difficulty in finding McCORMICK'S STORE. From the excitement down the valley, and the quantity of goods I see carried away, they must be selling off very rapidly and very cheap."

"You are right, my friend; I would say to you, sir, go ahead and your anticipations will be fully realized. He has a very large and well selected assortment of Goods. He'll sell you a dress for *fifty cents* and give the trimmings into the bargain, I'm told, and all other goods in proportion."

"Good bye, neighbor, that's where I am going to buy my goods."

"That's right, and so should everybody else. Good bye."

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
STONEWARE,
CEDARWARE,

Hats and Caps, very cheap Bonnets, Misses' Flats, &c.; Ladies' Gaiters, Shoes and Slippers, with Misses, Boys and Men's Boots and Shoes, and every other article kept in a first class country store, can be had *cheap for cash*, at McCormick's.

All articles of country produce taken in exchange for goods. R. H. McCORMICK.

Altoona, May 13, 1858.-1y

ANOTHER REDUCTION IN PRICE at McCormick's Store.

Having adopted the CASH SYSTEM, (or at least credit will not be given to any other than those who are *willing and can* give satisfactory reference and assurance of prompt monthly payment,) and desiring to make it the interest of all to patronize our store, we have made a very great reduction in the prices of all descriptions of goods, and will give our entire time and attention to keeping up an assortment to suit the wants of our customers, such as

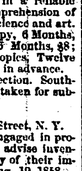
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
CEDARWARE,
STONEWARE,
BOOTS & SHOES.

Gaiters, Slippers, Hats and Caps, Dried Fruit, etc., all of which will be sold as cheap as the cheapest.

All articles of produce taken in exchange for goods at their highest market price.

Thankful for past favors, we hope to share the patronage of those who are in want of goods. [March 25-tf.

THE GREAT QUESTION WHICH now agitates the mind of every person is, where can I get the best article for my money? In regard to other matters, the subscriber would not attempt to direct, but if you want anything in the line of



BOOTS OR SHOES

he invites an examination of his stock and work.

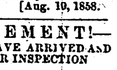
He keeps constantly on hand an assortment of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., which he offers at fair prices.

He will give special attention to custom work, all of which will be warranted to give satisfaction. None but the best workmen are employed.

Remember my shop is on Main street, next door to B. Kerr's old stand, now W. O'Neil's.

September 3, '57-tf] JOHN H. ROBERTS.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.—THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public that he has recently refitted the above Hotel, and is now prepared to accommodate his friends and



patrons in a comfortable manner, and he will spare no pains in making it an agreeable home for all sojourners. His Table will always be luxuriously supplied from the markets of the country and cities, and his Bar filled with liquors of choice brands. His charges are as reasonable as those of any other Hotel in the place, and he feels satisfied they can not be complained of by those who favor him with their custom. Expecting to receive a share of public patronage, and fully intending to deserve it, he throws open his house to the public and invites a trial.

Altoona, May 27, 1858.-1y] JOHN BOWMAN.

MEDICATED FUR CHEST PROTECTOR, A SAFE SHIELD AGAINST THOSE fearful diseases Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and other affections of the Lungs, which arise from the exposed state of the Chest, *according to fashion* and the continual changes of our climate, for sale at the Drug Store of G. W. KESSLER.

PRIVATE SALE.—THE SUBSCRIBER has on hand a few articles of Household Property, among which are a couple of excellent STOVES, to be seen at J. & J. Lowther's Store.

July 1, 1858.-tf WM. McDOWELL.

LUMBER FOR SALE.—
50,000 Shingles 50,000 Lathes,
and all kinds of BUILDING MATERIAL, lower than the lowest, for Cash. Apply to JOHN SHOEMAKER.

HENRY LEHR'S STORE IS IN John Lehr's old stand, nearly opposite McCormick's store, in North Ward. [June 18, '57-1y.

THE LIVER INVIGORATOR PREPARED BY DR. SANFORD, COMPOUNDED ENTIRELY FROM GUMS, is one of the best Purgative and Liver Medicines now before the public, that acts as a *Cathartic*, easier, better, more effectual than any other medicine known. It is not only a *Cathartic*, but a *Liver* remedy, acting first on the *Liver* to eject its morbid matter, then on the stomach and bowels to carry off that matter, thus accomplishing both purposes effectually, without any of the painful feelings experienced in the operations of most *Cathartics*, while it strengthens the system at the same time that it purges, and when taken daily in moderate doses, will strengthen and build it up with unusual rapidity.

THE LIVER is one of the principal regulators of the human body; and when it performs its functions regularly, the powers of the system are fully developed. The *stomach* is almost entirely dependent on the healthy and proper performance of the functions of the *Liver* for the action of the *Liver* for the stomach is at fault, the bowels are at fault, and the whole system suffers in consequence of one organ—the LIVER—having caused it its duty. For the diseases of that organ, one of the proprietors has made it his study, in a practice of more than twenty years, to find a some remedy wherewith to counteract the many deliable. rangements to which it is

To prove that this remedy is at last found, any person troubled with LIVER COMPLAINT, in any of its forms, has but to try a bottle, and conviction is certain.

These Gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system, supplying in their place a healthy action of bile, invigorating the stomach, causing food to digest well, PURIFYING THE BLOOD, giving tone to the health to the whole machinery, removing the cause of the disease—effecting a radical cure.

BILIOUS ATTACKS are cured, AND, WHAT IS MORE, PREVENTED, by the occasional use of the LIVER INVIGORATOR.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the most and prevent the food from rising and souring

Only one dose taken before retiring, prevents

Only one dose taken at night, loosens the bowels gently, and cures COSTIVENESS.

One dose taken after each meal will cure DYSPEPSIA.

☞ One dose of two teaspoonful will always relieve SICK HEADACHE.

One bottle taken for female obstruction removes the cause of the disease, and makes a perfect cure. Only one dose immediately relieves CHOLIC, which is a sure cure for CHOLERA MORBUS, and a preventive of CHOLERA.

☞ Only one bottle is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after a long sickness.

☞ One bottle taken for JAUNDICE removes all sallowness or unnatural color from the skin.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite, and makes the food digest well.

One dose often repeated cures Chronic Diarrhœa, its worst forms, while Summer and Bowel complaints yield almost to the first does.

One or two doses cure attacks caused by Wind in children: there is no surer, safer, or speedier remedy in the world, as it *never fails*, A few bottles cures Dropsy by exciting the absorbents, commencing the medicine before eating gives We take pleasure in rea- and Ague, Chill Fever, as a preventive for Fever It operates with certain all Fevers of a Bilious type, to testify to its wonderful and thousands are willing virtues.

All who use it are giving their unanimous testimony in its favor.

☞ Mix Water in the mouth with the Invigorator, and swallow both together.

THE LIVER INVIGORATOR IS A SCIENTIFIC MEDICAL DISCOVERY, and is daily working cures, almost too great to believe. It cures as by magic, *even the first dose giving benefit*; and seldom more than one bottle is required to cure any kind of Liver Complaint, from the worst *Jaundice* or *Dyspepsia* to a common *Headache*, all of which are the result of a DISEASED LIVER.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

DR. SANFORD, Proprietor, 345 Broadway, New York.

☞ Sold by G. W. KESSLER, Altoona; and retailed by all Druggists. [May 27, 1858.-1y

THE GREAT BEAUTIFIER! SO Long unsuccessfully sought,

FOUND AT LAST!

FOR IT RESTORES PERMANENTLY GRAY HAIR TO its original color; covers luxuriantly the bald head; removes all dandruff, itching and scrofula, scald head and all eruptions; makes the hair soft, healthy and glossy; and will preserve it to any imaginable age; removes, as if by magic, all blotches, &c., from the face and cures all neuralgia and nervous headache. See circular and the following:

Dover, N. H., Feb. 20, 1857.

PROF. O. J. WOOD & CO.—Gents: Within a few days we have received so many orders and calls for Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, that to-day we were compelled to send to Boston for a quantity, (the 6 dozen you forwarded all being sold,) while we might order a quantity from you. *Every bottle we have sold seems to have produced three or four new customers* and the approbation, and patronage it receives from the most substantial and worthy citizens of our vicinity, fully convince us that it is A MOST VALUABLE PREPARATION.

Send us as soon as may be one gross of $1 size; and one dozen $2 size; and believe us yours very respectfully.

(Signed) DANIEL LATHORP & Co.

Hickory Grove, St. Charles Co., Mo., Nov. 19, 1856.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: Some time last summer we were induced to use some of your Hair Restorative, and its effects were so wonderful, we feel it our duty to you and the afflicted, to report it.

Our little son's head for some time had been perfectly covered with sores, and some called it scald head. The hair almost entirely came off in consequence, when a friend, seeings his sufferings, advised us to use your Restorative, we did so with little hope of success, but, to our surprise and that of all our friends, a very few applications removed the disease entirely, and a new and luxuriant crop of hair soon started out, and we can now say that our boy has a healthy a scalp, and as luxuriant a crop of hair as any other child. We can therefore, and do hereby recommend your Restorative, as a perfect remedy for all diseases of the scalp and hair.

We are, yours respectfully,
GEORGE W. HIGGINBOTHAM,
SARAH A. HIGGINBOTHAM.

Gardiner, Maine, June 22, 1855.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: I have used two bottles of Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, and can truly say it is the greatest discovery of the age for restoring and changing the Hair. Before using it I was a man of seventy. My Hair has now attained its original color. You can recommend it to the world without the least fear, as my case was one of the worst kind.

Yours Respectfully,
DANIEL N. MURPHY.

O. J. WOOD & Co., Proprietors 312 Broadway, New York (in the great N. Y. Wire Railing Establishment,) and 130 Market St., St. Louis, Mo.

For sale by G. W. KESSLER, Altoona, and by all good Druggists. [June 3, 1858-1y.

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT OF PERFUMERY, such as

*EXTRACTS FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF, Pomatums, Hair Oils, Colognes, imported and domestic; Oriental Drops, Cosmetics, Frangipanni Sachets, Toilet Soaps, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Dressing Combs, Pocket Combs, Purses, Bay Leaf Water, etc., etc., etc.*

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE LOW AT

A. ROUSH'S.

June 18, 1858.-tf

OPERA CIGARS!

THREE BELLES,
NEPTUNES,
FORTALIZAS,
LA ROSAS,
LA ABULAS,

For sale by A. ROUSH, Druggist.
June 24, 1858.-tf

FARE REDUCED.
STATES UNION HOTEL
606 and 608 Market Street,
ABOVE SIXTH,
PHILADELPHIA.
Terms—$1.25 Per Day.

July 1, 1858.-4m. G. W. HINKLE, PROPRIETOR.

CONCENTRATED LYE, FOR MAKING Soft Soap, and Soap Powder for Washing, one pound equal to six of common Soap; Castile Soap, Palm Soap, Chemical Soap, etc., on hand and for sale at

June 10, 1858.-tf] A. ROUSH'S.

SOLUTION OF CITRATE OF MAGNESIA—a cooling Cathartic, mild in its operation and agreeable to the taste, prepared and for sale by

June 24, 1858.-tf A. ROUSH, Druggist.

CAMPHENE, BURNING FLUID, Linseed Oil, Spirits of Turpentine, White Lead and Alcohol, for sale cheap at A. ROUSH'S.

LEVI'S PREPARATION FOR EXterminating RATS, MICE, ROACHES, ANTS, and Bed-bugs without danger in its use under any circumstances, for sale at the Drug Store of

Jan. 24, '58-tf] G. W. KESSLER.

FLOUR.—THE BEST QUALITY OF FAMILY FLOUR for sale, Wholesale and Retail. Apply to J. SHOEMAKER,
Dec. 11, 1856-tf. Masonic Temple.

# Altoona Tribune.

## LOCAL ITEMS.

THE UNION CAMP MEETING.—The Camp Meeting now in progress in Black's Grove, on the Branch Road between this place and Hollidaysburg, has thus far been well attended. Every train running from this station to the ground, has been well filled with passengers. On Sunday morning last, there were thirteen cars in the train, all crowded to their utmost capacity. Over seven hundred tickets were sold at the office in this place, for the morning train, and quite a number paid their fare on the cars. It is supposed there were over one thousand persons on the train. Over five hundred tickets were sold at the Hollidaysburg ticket office on that morning. The train made four trips between each station and the camp ground during the day, and was well filled each time. The camp is located on good ground in a very pleasant grove, the only draw back on which is the absence of water. A good supply, however, is furnished by persons engaged to haul it.

During the morning services, every seat on the ground appeared to be taken up, and good order was observed. At 11 o'clock, Rev. Dr. Riley, of Pittsburg, delivered one of the most beautiful discourses to which it has ever been our good fortune to listen. The Dr. is a powerful logician, a finished orator, a ripe scholar, and bids fair to make one of the most eminent and useful divines in our country. His effort on Sabbath would loose nothing by comparison with those of Spurgeon, the London "sensation" preacher.

We observed a new feature introduced by a number of those in attendance at the Camp on Sunday, suggested, we presume, by the difficulty heretofore experienced in obtaining eatables at the Camp Meetings at Tipton and Bell's Mills, which we considered a very judicious precaution against like failures on this occasion—we refer to the introduction of the practice of carrying a basketful or pocketful along. We have no doubt that many would have went hungry all day had they not been thus provided. Although there were three or four boarding tents on the ground, the rush was so great at all of them that it was almost impossible to get a seat at the table, and the rates of fare were so high that many persons could not afford to pay, even should they have been able to obtained a seat. In all directions around the camp we observed parties of from three to a dozen sitting around a log, stump or a cloth spread on the ground, partaking of their repast, reminding us very much of the celebration on the 5th of July.—The feature is a good one and we hope to see it universally adopted. It will relieve the tent holders of a heavy charge, as it is impossible for them to feed all their friends who may be on the ground, even though they might feel willing to do so.

Good order prevailed upon the ground throughout the day and evening. In fact, we do not remember of ever having attended a Camp Meeting at which there was better order observed.—The only confusion or disturbance we noticed was occasioned about nine o'clock in the evening, when, owing to a misunderstanding as to the time the train would leave the camp for Altoona, that part of the congregation from this place rose up and left the ground, on hearing the whistle of the locomotive, while the minister was yet speaking.

According to the arrangement, the camp will break up to-morrow morning.

DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.—We are this week again called upon to chronicle one of those heart-sickening, blood-crudling accidents, which, although common to all localities traversed by railroads, and whose frequent occurrence are calculated to render us callous as to their magnitude and teachings, are none the less shocking to our mind and we can not contemplate them without a shudder. The facts in the present case are as follows:—On Sunday evening last, as the locomotive which had pushed the Emigrant Train up the mountain, was returning to this station, when near Kittanning Point, the engineer observed something lying on the track which he mistook for a coat, but which, on approaching nearer, he found to be a man lying between the crosstics, the ballast at that place being low and allowing the body to be almost hid between the ties. He immediately reversed his engine and the fireman applied the breaks, but could not check it until the driving wheels had passed over the object. On examination it was found to be a man, and that his head had been almost severed from his body, it having evidently been lying on the rail. Information of the accident was given to several persons residing in the vicinity who came to the spot and assisted in placing the corps upon the engine on which it was brought to this place and placed in the warehouse of the Company. Upon inquiry the body was found to be that of Cornelius Maher, a miner at the ore bank of Hutchison & Co., on the mountain above this place.—On Monday afternoon, Coroner Funk held an inquest on the body. A number of the witnesses who had seen and conversed with the deceased a few minutes previous to the accident, testified that he was under the influence of liquor, and it is supposed that he either fell between the ties and was unable to get up or that he sat down and fell asleep. What a lesson to those who are in the habit of using intoxicating liquors. Will it be heeded? A verdict in accordance with the above facts was rendered by the jury, entirely exculpating the engineer from any blame in the matter. The corpse was given in charge of Mr. Geo. B. Cramer, who had it placed in a coffin and decently interred in the Catholic graveyard, on Monday afternoon. The deceased leaves a wife and four children to mourn their loss.

YOUR ATTENTION TO THIS.—To have a Cough or Cold with a continual pain in the breast, spitting of mucous and phlegm from the breast and lungs, is truly very annoying; and besides being annoying, are usually the precursors of deep seated bronchial disease, which eventually undermine the constitution and destroy life. Our readers will be pleased to hear of an effectual and speedy remedy for these cases in Dr. Keyser's "Pectoral Syrup," sold at the Drug Store of G. W Kessler, in this place.

SHOP LIFTING.—One day last week, a young lady residing in this vicinity, whose name we withhold out of respect for her relatives, stepped into a store in this place and asked the clerk to show her his stock of shoes. After examining them for some time, she requested that a couple of pair which she had selected should be laid to one side and she would call and get them at another time. When the clerk (who by the way is a pretty sharp one) was putting up the shoes, he observed that one pair, which the lady had examined particularly, and which bore a peculiar cost mark, was missing. He immediately suspected that they were in the lady's carpet sack, which was lying on the floor, but he said nothing about it, and proceeded to show her some dry goods for which she had asked.—While she was examining these, the clerk slipped round the counter, and watching a favorable opportunity, tread upon the sack. The screeching of the new leather confirmed his suspicions, whereupon he picked up the sack and carried it behind the counter. After the lady had made her selections from the dry goods and was about departing, she looked around for her sack and not finding it, asked the clerk if he had seen it. He informed her that he had, but as she had attempted to steal the shoes, he, in turn, had stolen both shoes and carpet sack. The fact that she had been detected at once flashed upon her and she gave vent to her mortification in a copious shower of tears. She plead guilty of the offence, and offered many excuses in extenuation, which were found to be false, and which only made the matter worse. She gave in different names and places of residence, but finally her real name was ascertained from another lady who entered the store at the time. Emboldened by having detected her on this occasion, the clerk charged her with purloining four pair of bracelets from the store, some four weeks since. She denied having taken the bracelets, but confessed that she was an accessory, and gave the name of the person who had taken them and also what disposition had been made of them. After lecturing her for some time on the crime and consequences of such conduct, the clerk agreed to compromise the matter, on her promising to return in one week and pay for all that had been taken. We think this should prove a lesson to the young lady, and it is hoped will cure her of her propensity to appropriate trifles, as we can assure her she will not escape so easily another time. She is hardly sharp enough to perform such operations successfully. We have withheld names this time in the hope that the lady may be reclaimed from the error of her ways, but should the act be repeated we will give full particulars, in order that storekeepers may keep a watch on her movements.

UP.—The frame work of the fine building being created by Messrs. Lowther & Plack, on the corner of Virginia and Annie streets, is now up and we can form some idea of its dimensions. There will be three large store rooms on the first floor—two fronting on Annie street and one Virginia street. Two of the rooms will be occupied by the firm erecting the building—one for dry goods alone and the other for groceries, hardware, &c. The other room we believe is to be occupied by our young friend A. Roush, as a drug store. The entire second story is to be fitted up for a Town Hall, and a most excellent one it will make, equal, we believe, to any Hall in the country. We are pleased to announce this fact, as such a room has long been needed in this place, and we feel sure that under the management of Messrs. Lowther & Plack it will be properly conducted.

The parsonage being erected for Rev J. Twiggs, Pastor of the Catholic church in this place, on the lot adjoining the church is also under roof. It is a fine large building and will add materially to the appearance of that part of the town.—The parsonage and school house being erected by the Protestant Episcopal congregation in this place, on their lot in East Altoona, are also under roof. They are fine brick buildings, and although yet unfinished, externally, add much to the appearance of the town in that locality. Workmen are now engaged in cutting stone for the church to be erected on the same lot, which, when finished, will be the handsomest in the place. It is to be built of cut stone, in the ancient style of architecture.

Other improvements are in progress which we shall note again.

LIBEL SUIT.—We learn that Capt. Bell, editor of the Tyrone *Star*, has sued Traugh, of the *Standard*, for libel, and that the latter has been bound over in the sum of $600, to answer at the next sitting of the Quarter Sessions of this county. We think the practice of carrying up such cases to Court in order to establish a character or good reputation, oftener results adversely than otherwise; at least nothing can be gained by it. When we hear of persons going to law to establish their character, we always think of the reply of an honest blacksmith to a friend who was urging him to progecute a person who had been traducing his character, "No, sir," said the blacksmith, "I will take my hammer and go to work and forge out for myself a better character in one month, than all the Courts of justice could give me in a lifetime." We commend this to the attention of our friend of the *Star*, and suggest that there were peacable means through which he could have obtained redress for the wrong done him, which would have been more effectual.

FETTINGER'S IMPROVEMENTS.—We notice that Fettinger, of the No. 1 Literary Emporium, has recently had the front of his store improved by the erection of a new stoop, with railing, and the application of the paint brush to the front of the building. It now prevents a very neat appearance. His stock inside also looks remarkably well. He has on hand a large assortment of beautiful pictures, suited to all tastes, with plain and gilt frames to match. His stock of notions is complete and in the newspaper and periodical line he can supply you with almost anything you may desire. Fet. goes in for improvement, not only in his place of business, but in his stock, which will soon be equal to that found in similar stores in the cities.

SELECT SCHOOL.—The Fall Term of Mrs. King's School will commence on Monday, September 13th. Further particulars will be given hereafter.

A SHAVING OPERATION.—On Monday morning last, our polite and attentive Constable waited upon our barbers, Messrs. Nesbit, Shorter, Pleasant and Ambrose, and delivered them a small piece of writing commencing with a "whereas," informing them that their presence was required before Esquire Good. On repairing to the office they were informed they stood charged with a violation of the Sunday Laws of this State in keeping their shops open on that day. They all acknowledged the corn, and two of them, Messrs. Shorter and Pleasant "dusted up" the "rino," paid their fines and the costs, amounting to over four dollars each, and were discharged. Messrs. Nesbit and Ambrose were not so willing to "chalk up," and intimated their intention of appealing from the decision of the Justice and carrying the matter up to Court to test the validity of the fine. Even should they be successful in Court, which we very much doubt, it will cost them more than the amount of the fine imposed, which is certainly lawful.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD EARNINGS.—Below, we give the official statement of the earnings of the Pennsylvania Railroad, for the month of July, as well as for the seven months ending August 1st. It will be seen that the expenses of the road have been materially reduced, and that the net earnings for the period named, are largely in advance of the sum realized within the same period last year:

| | Gross Earnings. | Expenses. | Net Earn'gs |
|---|---|---|---|
| Earnin's from all sources for month ending July 31, 1858. | $390,216,61 | 249,314.37 | 140,902.24 |
| Same month last year | 404,955,40 | 280,304.80 | 124,650.60 |
| Increase | | | 16,251.64 |
| Decrease | 14,738.79 | 30,990.43 | |
| Earnings from all sources from Jan. 1, 1858 to Aug. 1, 1858 | 2,086,148.89 | 1,727,459.16 | 1,258,689.79 |
| Same period last year | 2,651,099.26 | 1,923,855.72 | 1,057,153.54 |
| Increase | 5,139.63 | | 201,536.25 |
| Decrease | | 196,396.62 | |

INVESTMENTS IN NEBRASKA.—The late hour at which we received the advertisement of our young friend, Alex. F. McKinney, prevented us from noticing it editorially, last week. We take pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to it this week, and recommend Alex. as a proper person to whom to entrust the business which he proposes to transact for those who may require his services. Nebraska is bound to be a flourishing state and Omaha a large city, consequently investments in that vicinity must pay. Let those who hold land warrants or who wish to invest in western lands send on their documents to Alex. and he will attend to them better, perhaps, than most of them could do themselves.

HANDSOME PAINTING—A few evenings since, our young friend, P. Walsh, exhibited to us a number of specimens of his paintings in imitation of oak, maple and other kinds of wood, finished up in styles for door pannels, halls, parlors, &c., which for beauty of design and skill in execution we have seldom seen surpassed.—Walsh is a good painter, as the numerous pieces of work he has finished in this place will attest, and we are pleased to know that he is liberally patronized. Let those who wish fancy painting executed, drop into his establishment and view his samples, and we have no doubt they will demand his services "instanter."

CUT THIS OUT AND STICK IT IN YOUR HAT.—Wood's Hair Restorative will change gray hair to its original color, stop it from falling off, and cause it to grow on bald heads, and as a cosmetic it has no equal. Pimples and Wood's Hair Restorative cannot exist together.

CAUTION.—Beware of worthless imitations, as several are already in the market, called by different names. Use none unless the words (Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, Depot St. Louis, Mo., and New York). are blown in the bottle, Sold by all Druggists and Patent Medicine dealers, also by all Fancy and Toilet Goods dealers in the United States and Canada. See advertisement in this weeks paper.

IMPORTANT TO MILLINERS.—The full fashion for bonnets, as we learn from the "North American," provides artificial fruits as a substitute for flowers. The latter will pass entirely out of use. Instead of roses, johnny-jump-ups and daffy down dillies, the bonnets of our belles will be graced with clusters of artificial currants, fox-grapes, cherries and other fruits done in glass of the least possible thickness. A specimen of the new bonnet was shewn to the editor, who describes it as an "unique affair, resembling a cabbage leaf trimmed with tomatoes."

The price is cheap—only thirty dollars!—Young gentlemen contemplating matrimony will please notice.

ATTEMPT TO COMMIT SUICIDE.—On Monday of last week an inmate of our County Alms House, named Henry McCauly, aged about 68 years, attempted to commit suicide by opening veins or arteries in his arms and legs. In the effort he made no less than twenty-seven incisions, some of them half an inch deep and an inch-and-a-half long. He had gone out from the house, as he was accustomed to do, in the afternoon, and remained out over night, and was not discovered until next morning. His mind is evidently deranged. He says he did not mean to kill himself, but inflicted the wounds to relieve a pain in his head.—*Register.*

WRITING SCHOOL.—Mr. Clowes would respectfully inform the ladies and gentlemen of Altoona, that he intends to commence teaching a class in penmanship, in Figart's Hall, on Thursday, August, 28. The ladies class will meet at 4 o,clock, and gentlemen's class at 7½ o'clock P. M.

His long experience in teaching he hopes will enable him to give entire satisfaction to all who may patronize him.

He is also prepared to mark visiting and wedding cards in a style unsurpassed by any engraver.

Call and get specimens.

FIRE AT DAVIDSBUG.—A fire accidentally occured in the Foundry owned by C. E. Craine, Esq. at Davidsburg in this county, on the evening of the 18th inst. which consumed the building and many of the patterns of the establishment, making a total loss of some $1,000 or $1,200. Messrs. Crotzer & Smith who had the establishmedt rented, share the loss with Mr. Craine.—*Register.*

PERSONAL.—On Wednesday afternoon we had the pleasure of making the acquaintance of J. F. Campbell, Esq., editor of the Blairsville *Record*, who was on a visit to this place. We found him "all our fancy painted him"—good-looking, affable, jovial, altogether such a man as we wish we could always meet in our brethren of the corps editorial. Circumstances would not permit us to accompany and show him the "elephant" of our Mountain City, but as he was accompanied by a couple of the fair sex, we presume he enjoyed a pleasant time of it.

TO DIRECTORS AND TEACHERS.—H. Fettinger desires us to remark to the Directors of schools in this place and vicinity, that he wishes to be apprised as early as possible, of the series of school books to be used in the different schools, in order that he may be able to supply them.—All materials used in schools, such as slates, copy-books, pens, pencils, ink, &c., will be furnished at the lowest rates. He will also keep on hand a large assortment of Rewards of Merit and toy books for presentation to scholars.

SUDDEN DEATH.—A woman named Mrs. Wiley, wife of a German laborer of that name, living over the hill in this place, died suddenly on Friday evening last, a few minutes after rising from her supper table, of disease of the heart, as it is supposed.—*Register.*

## A Voice from Blair County.

### COL. JOHN BROTHERLINE NOMINATED FOR CONGRESS BY BLAIR COUNTY.

The Blair County American Convention having adjourned without giving an expression as to the choice of their constituents for Congress, the Delegates have addressed the following to the Conferees, to wit:

*To the Congressional Conferees of Blair County, elected by the American Convention:*

GENTLEMEN:—Permit us to recommend to your support, as a suitable candidate for Congress, JOHN BROTHERLINE, Esq. We hope you will bring his name before the Conference, and if possible, secure his nomination by your votes and influence.

Yours respectfully,

John H Stifler
Isaac Hooper
Edward B Tipton
Allen D Smith
Archibald Rankin
George Koon
Landon Reeve
Job Barefoot
George Kopp
Samuel Cruse
L F Butler
James Malone
Frazer Harlin
Daniel Shock
D R Lingenfelter
Jacob Zeth Jr
Daniel F Beegle
George P Kelly
Samuel Furney
John Trout
James Coleman
Douglas McCartney
Abraham Loudon
John Wesly
John McFarland
Wm R Plumer
John Tate
George L Cowen
Jacob L Martin
John C Biddle
Samuel R Shiffler
E Burket
Isaac Yingling
Theo A Stecker
J L Reifsneider
Thomas McMinn
William Fox
Daniel Price
Benj F Burley
Levi Riling
George F McCabe
Andrew Green
James R Patton
James Williams
Wm C Kean
Alfred Canan
Jas A Freeman
Geo A Jacobs
John M Barbour
Joseph Barr
Francis Henry
Jacob McIntyre
John S Heffler
Franklin Snyder
M H Jolly
A C McCartney
Wm R Maxwell

*Delegates*

☞ A Monmouth paper says, "in another column will be found the certificate of our fellow townsman, James W. Davidson, Esq., to Prof. Wood. This is another of the numerous instances where it has changed gray hair to raven ringlets, and bald scalps to waving locks. Let any who stand in need of this valuable remedy give it a fair trial."

CAUTION.—Beware of worthless imitations, as several are already in the market, called by different names. Use none unless the words (Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, Depot St. Louis, Mo., and New York,) are blown in the bottle. Sold by all Druggists and Patent Medicine dealers. Also by all Fancy and Toilet Goods dealers in the United States and Canada. See advertisement in this week's paper.

THE PANIC—MORE FAILURES.—The panic in New York seems to be on the increase. In this city everything goes on smoothly, and the only failures we have heard of were the failures to furnish good fits made by some inferior clothing establishments. There is no such difficulty to be encountered by those who patronize the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut street, above sixth. Gentlemen and Youths never fail to procure capital fits at this popular establishment.

THE BEST COUGH MEDICINE.—One of the very best Cough Medicines to be found anywhere, is Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup, sold by G. W. Kessler, at 50 cents per bottle.

☞ See advertisement of Dr. Sandford's LIVER INVIGORATOR in another column.


EGGS, BUTTER AND ALL KINDS of country produce can be had at
June 18, '57-ly HENRY LEHR'S.

*THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY,*
SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.
*Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.*

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and delicate diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES

It is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price one dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION.

*These Pills should not be taken by females during the first three months of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.*

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Sole Agent for the United States and Canada,
JOB MOSES, (late I. C. Baldwin & Co.,)
Rochester, N. Y.

N. B.—$1.00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to the authorised Agent, will insure a bottle, containing 50 Pills, by return mail.

B. L. Fahnestock, Pittsburg, Wholesale Agents: also, for sale by all Druggists. [June 3, 1858.-1y.


## ALTOONA MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY J. & J. LOWTHER.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Flour—Superfine, | ₩ bbl. | $4,75 |
| " Extra, | ₩ " | 5,00 |
| Corn Meal, | ₩ cwt. | 1,75 |
| Potatoes, | ₩ bush. | 75 |
| Dry Apples, | ₩ " | 1,75 |
| Butter, | ₩ lb | 20 |
| Lard, | ₩ " | 14 |
| Hams, | ₩ " | 12 |
| Shoulders, | ₩ " | 10 |
| Side, | ₩ " | 12 |
| Eggs, | ₩ doz. | 10 |

M'LAIN & LEHR'S FLOUR MARKET.

M'Lain & Lehr sell their Flour at the following rates:—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| White Wheat Flour, Extra Family, | | ₩ bbl. | $6,12 |
| " " " | Superfine, | " | 5,50 |
| " " " | Superfine, | " | 5,12 |

Barrel Salt $2,00 and $2,10 per barrel.
Sack " 1,75 " 1,50 " sack.
Always on hand.

H. LEHR'S FLOUR MARKET.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Extra Family Flour, | ₩ bbl. | $5 50 |
| Superfine Extra, best quality, | " | 5 00 |
| Superfine, | " | 4 75 |

## MARRIED.

On the 23d inst., by Rev. A. B. Clark, Mr. MARTIN GATES, of Centre county, to Mrs. SARAH STEVENS, of Altoona.

## DIED.

In this place, on the 15th inst., of Bronchical Consumption, Miss MARY ANN McCORMICK.

Thrice within a short time has death entered the little circle of which the deceased was a member. First a daughter and sister, a lovely christian, was called, cut down like a rose in full bloom, by the same fell destroyer, consumption. Then death laid his hand upon the husband and father. His sickness was protracted and painful, afflicted as he was by cancer. Now the third time the Master comes and lays his hand upon the elder of the two remaining daughters and sisters, leaving the widowed mother and a sister and brother to mourn their loss. But they mourn not as those who have no hope. The deceased had for a considerable time been a consistent member of the christian church, and died in the full triumphs of the christian's faith. Her last words were, "Lord Jesus come quickly." The evidence of a peaceful death and the index to a happy, glorious immortality.—[COM.


ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of Dr. C. F. Sellers, late of Altoona, Blair county, dec'd. have been granted to the undersigned, residing as aforesaid. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims will present the same duly authenticated for settlement.
August 26, 1858-6t] C. B. SINK, *Adm'r.*

PUBLIC SALE.—WILL BE SOLD by Public Outcry, at the late residence of Dr. C. F. Sellers, in this place, on THURSDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 2d, a valuable lot of Medical Books, Drugs, Jars, Bottles, &c. Also a lot of Household and Kitchen furniture. Sale to commence at 7 o'clock P. M.
August 26, 1858-1t] C. B. SINK, *Adm'r.*

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.—Dr. WM. S. BITTNER, Dental Surgeon, would inform those who so much dread the surgical operation of teeth extracting, that he can now remove them without pain. His process has proved successful in all cases in which he has tried it. Give him a call and test the science. [Aug. 19, 1858.-tf

WANTED—A STUDENT TO STUDY Dental Surgery. A young man of good education and strict moral habits, will be taken on reasonable terms. Apply to WM. S. BITTNER, D. S.,
Aug. 19. 1858-tf] Altoona, Pa.

PATENT KEROSENE OR CARBON OIL LAMPS!
*Unrivaled in Beauty, Simplicity Safety or Economy.*

Every person desiring to obtain the very best and cheapest portable light within their reach, should call at the store of the undersigned and examine these Lamps before purchasing elsewhere, and we pledge ourselves to demonstrate

1st. That NO ACCIDENT can occur by explosion.
2d. That they emit no offensive odor while burning.
3d. That they are very easily trimmed.
4th. That they are easily regulated to give more or less light.
5th. That they burn entirely free from smoke.
6th. That the light is at least 50 per cent. cheaper than any other light now in common use.

These lamps are admirably adapted for the use of Students, Mechanics, Seamstresses, Factories, Halls, Churches, Stores, Hotels, and are highly recommended for family use. The burner of the Carbon Oil Lamp can be attached to old side, hanging and table fluid and oil lamps, at a small expense, and will answer every purpose of a new lamp. We guarantee perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Aug. 19, 1858-tf] G. W. KESSLER.

NEBRASKA.—NOW IS THE TIME TO INVEST.—The undersigned is fully prepared to enter Government Lands in the Omaha land district. Sale of lands to commence on the 6th of September next, and continue for two weeks. All lands entered during sale to be paid for in Gold—after the sale Land Warrants can be used.

Nebraska is being rapidly settled with a hardy and energetic set of farmers. Good lands can be secured at and after the public sale, near large settlements. All you that want to invest, will do well to send on your Warrants soon. Warrants and drafts can be sent by mail with safety. Letters of inquiry answered.
Omaha City, Aug. 19, 1858. ALEX. F. McKINNEY.

REFERENCES:
Bell, Johnson, Jack & Co., Bankers, Altoona, Pa.
Rev. A. B. Clark, "
Thos. A. Scott, Gen'l Supt. Penn'a R. R., "
John P. Anderson, Esq., Huntingdon, Pa.

CASSVILLE SEMINARY.
ONLY $22,50 PER QUARTER.

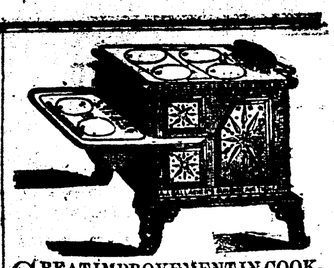
The terms of this school are so low and the privileges enjoyed here so unusual, that many even at a great distance find it to their advantage to patronize it in preference to schools nearer home. All Branches, both useful and ornamental are taught. Students of both sexes and all ages are received. The whole expense of one student for a year need not be over $90. A circular will be sent to any one desiring it. Address John D. Walsh, Cassville, Huntingdon county, Pa. [August 12-3m.

50 YOUNG MEN WANTED—TO travel in the Western and Southern States. Salary $30 a month and all expenses paid. Business easy and honorable. None need apply that cannot furnish a certificate of good moral character. Address, with stamp,
PHELPS & BUNYAN,
Aug. 12, 1858-3t] St. Albans, Vermont.

TAKE NOTICE, THAT THE ASSESSMENT No. 15, made by the Lycoming Mutual Insurance Company, in Blair county, is payable at my office. The Assessment is 3 per cent. on all notes in force
May 13, 1858. JOHN SHOEMAKER,
Altoona, July 15, 1858. *Receiver.*

LOST—ON FRIDAY NIGHT THE 13th inst., between Shultz's and the Logan House, two Pass Books of no value but to the owner. By returning them to the Post Office, the finder will be suitably rewarded. BARNEY KURTZ.
August, 19, 2t.

500 DOZEN FRESH EGGS JUST received and for sale by J. L. ICKES.



GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN COOKING STOVES.
*CONSUMPTION OF SMOKE AND GAS AND SAVING OF FUEL.*

The subscriber takes pleasure in offering to the public a NEW GAS AND SMOKE CONSUMING Cooking Stove, recently patented, which is destined to supercede all others, as it requires

ONE-THIRD LESS FUEL

than other stoves and is more easily, quickly and regularly heated. No unpleasant smell of gas arises from this stove from the fact that it is all consumed ere it can escape. There is no trouble from smoke as that unpleasant and often annoying exhalation is also consumed inside of the stove Neither is there any danger of flues or chimneys becoming clogged with soot or the mortar loosened by the gas arising from coal fires.

Persons wishing to purchase stoves are invited to call at the store of the subscriber, in the Masonic Temple, and examine the above stoves.

JOHN SHOEMAKER.
*Sole Agent for Blair County.*
N. B. All kinds of Air-tight, Parlor Cooking and Egg Stoves on hand. [Aug. 12, 1858.

NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS.—J. & J. LOWTHER have just returned from the City and are now receiving their stock of

SPRING GOODS,

which they feel assured are as HANDSOME and CHEAP, if not a little cheaper, than any yet brought to this place.

On account of going to Philadelphia late in the season, we have been able to buy our goods at greatly reduced prices, and we are determined to sell them at very small profits for cash or to prompt monthly paying customers.

We have as usual a splendid stock of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

such as LAWNS, ROBES A' QUILLE, CHALLIES, BAYADERE, LAREILLAS, DUCALS, POIL, DECHEVRES, DELAINS, PRINTS, GINGHAMS, &c.

Also, Shawls and Mantillas in great variety, together with a good stock of Domestic Dry Goods, Straw Goods,

*BOOTS & SHOES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, GROCERIES, &c., &c.*

The citizens of Altoona will find it to their advantage to examine our stock, as we are not to be undersold.
April 29, 1858.

NEW GROCERY FEED AND PROVISION STORE.

The subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has opened a store of the above kind, near the corner of Adaline and Julia streets, East Altoona, where he will keep constantly on hand a full supply of everything in his line. His

*GROCERIES*

are all fresh and will be sold at prices as low as those of any other establishment in town. His stock of provisions, consisting of

*Flour, Hams, Shoulders, Sides, &c.*

will be sold a little cheaper than they can be bought any where else. His Flour is obtained from the best mills in the Western part of the State, and is warranted to be what it is represented.

All kinds of Feed for horses, cows and hogs, always on hand.

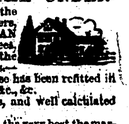
I intend to keep such an assortment that I shall at all times be able to supply my customers with whatever they may need, and I intend also to sell at prices which will make it a saving to those who patronize my store.
July 22, 1858-3m. HENRY BELL.

JAMES M. WHEELER & CO.,
(*Successors to John H. Brant.*)
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Near the Penn'a Central Railroad Depot,
*HARRISBURG, PA.*

DEALERS IN
*HARD AND SOFT COAL, Pig Metal, Railroad Iron, Salt and Merchantable Iron, Nails, Flour, Groceries, Provisions, Fish, Salt, &c.*

COAL sent in cars, in large or small quantities, along the different Railroads in Pennsylvania. [July 15-1y.

LOGAN HOTEL.—THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully informs the citizens of Blair county and others, that he has opened up the LOGAN HOUSE, formerly kept by Sheriff Reed, at the west end of Hollidaysburg, for the reception of strangers and travellers.



Everything connected with the house has been refitted in the new with the choicest furniture, &c., &c.

The house is large and commodious, and well calculated for convenience and comfort.

His TABLE will be furnished with the very best the market can afford, and no pains or trouble will be spared to render those who may choose to favor him with their patronage comfortable and happy during their stay with him.

His STABLING is ample, and an obliging and careful hostler will always be in attendance.

☞ The Williamsburg stage, which makes daily trips between this place and Williamsburg, stops at the Logan Hotel.
Dec. 17, 1857,—tf.] JOHN KEIFFER.

POSITIVE INFORMATION!—THE undersigned having perfected their Spring Stock, now offer to the public the LARGEST LOT OF GROCERIES ever presented in the town of Altoona.

Our object in publishing this card is to present the following facts:

1st. The recent hard times have very much reduced the price of Groceries in the city, especially to cash buyers.
2d. We bought these Groceries in large lots, many of them from first hands.
3d. We bought them entirely for cash.
4th. We sell for ready pay.
5th. We keep our stock full by weekly receipts.
6th. We are determined to keep up the credit of our house.
7th. We sell more GROCERIES than any other store in Blair county, at less per cent.
8th. We sell cheaper than any other store in the county.

A continuation of patronage is respectfully solicited.
Altoona, June 10, 1858. McLANE & LEHR.

BLAIR COUNTY DAGUERREAN ROOMS.—Mr. G. W. FISHER, the Hollidaysburg Artist, begs leave to inform our readers that he is prepared to take

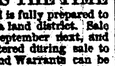
*Photographs of deceased persons;*

from Daguerreotypes, at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. He has just received a large stock of durable and neat cases, of all sizes and styles, including a new pattern of Family Case for four persons, and is prepared to fill them with perfect likenesses.

AMBROTYPE, DAGUERREOTYPE OR PHOTOGRAPH.

Give him a call. Rooms on the corner of Montgomery and Allegheny streets, Hollidaysburg, Pa. [June 17-tf.

BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONARY. WM. S. HAVEN,
JOB PRINTER, STATIONER AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER,



*Corner Market & Second Sts. Pittsburg, Pa.*
respectfully invites attention to his large and well selected stock of

*Blank Book, Paper and Stationary, Rail Road, Mercantile and Book Printing,*

of every description, promptly executed.
Agent for L. Johnson & Co., Type Founders, Philadelphia. [June 17-1y.

C. J. HIRST, M. D. D. R. GOOD, M. D.
DRS. HIRST & GOOD, TENDER their professional services to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity in the several branches of

MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

Country calls regularly attended to.
Office, the same as heretofore occupied by Dr. Hirst.
By consent, D. R. Good refers to
J. M. Hemmill, M. D., Alexandria, Pa.
J. B. Luden, M. D., Huntingdon, "
Drs. Roes, Royer and Fey, Williamsburg, Pa.
April 22, 1858-tf.]

LIME! LIME! LIME!—Duncansville Lime Kilns, near Hollidaysburg, Pa.

The subscriber has now in operation, four large Lime Kilns, producing daily large quantities of the

BEST QUALITY OF WHITE LIME.

He is prepared to fill all orders, from 1 bushel to ten thousand bushels, at the lowest rates.

☞ Lime delivered at any point on the Pennsylvania Rail Road; also, at Altoona, or any point in the surrounding country, by wagon, or at the Kiln. Address
JAMES FUNK.
June 17-6m] *Duncansville, Blair Co. Pa.*

DISSOLUTION.—NOTICE IS hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, trading as the firm of T. McCauley & Co., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of May, 1858. The books of the firm have been placed in the hands of John Shoemaker, in Altoona, for collection, to whom all persons knowing themselves indebted will make immediate payment.
THOMAS McCAULEY.
Aug. 12, 1858-3t] THOMAS BURCHINELL.

PEA NUTS.—5,000 BUSHELS WILmington Pea Nuts in store and for sale by
WM. N. SHIGARD,
March 25, '58-1y] 191 North 3d street Philadelphia.

# Choice Poetry.

## THE DYING WIFE.

Lay the gem upon my bosom,
Let me feel her warm, sweet breathe
For a strange chill o'er me passes,
And I know that it is Death.

I would gaze upon the treasure
Scarcely given ere I go,
Feel her rosy dimpled fingers
Wander o'er my cheek of snow.

I am passing through the waters,
But a blessed shore appears;
Kneel beside me husband, dearest,
Let me kiss away thy tears.

Wrestle with thy grief, my husband,
Strive from midnight until day,
It may leave an angel's blessing
When it vanisheth away.

Lay the gem upon my bosom,
'Tis not long she can be there;
See how to my heart she nestles?
'Tis the pearl I love to wear.

If, in after years, beside thee
Sits another in my chair,
Though her voice be sweeter music,
And her face than mine be fair—

If a cherub call thee "Father!"
Far more beautiful than this,
Love thy first born—oh, my husband!
Turn not from the motherless.

Tell her sometimes of her mother—
You will call her by my name?
Shield her from the winds of sorrow—
If she errs—oh, gently blame!

Lead her sometimes where I'm sleeping,
I will answer if she calls,
And my breath will stir her ringlets
When my voice in blessings falls.

Her soft, bright eyes will brighten
With wonder whence it came;
In her heart, when years pass o'er her,
She will find her mother's name.

It is said that every mortal
Walks between two angels here;
One records the ill, but blots it
If, before the midnight drear,

Man repenteth—if uncancelled
Then he seals it for the skies,
And the right hand angel weepeth,
Bowing low with veiled eyes.

I will be her right hand angel,
Sealing up the good for Heaven,
Striving that the midnight watches
Find no misdeed unforgiven.

You will not forget me, husband,
When I'm sleeping 'neath the sod?
Oh, love the jewel to us given
As I love thee—next to God.

# Wit and Sentiment.

"SOMETHING ELSE TO THINK ON."—This phrase originated with Dr. Chalmers, and is thus illustrated by Henry Rogers:

"You remember the coachman who said to the gentlemen on the box, 'Do you see that off leader there, sir?'

'Yes; what of him?'

'He always shies when he comes to that 'ere gate. I must give him something else to think on.' No sooner said than up went the whirling thing, and came down full of its sting on the skittish leader's haunches. He had something else to think on, no time for panic, or affected panic, and flew past the gate like lightning. If we can but give youth, in time, 'something else to think on,' we may keep out of their minds, by pre-occupation, more evil than we can ever directly expel. One of the essential properties of *matter* may be said to be also one of the essential properties of *mind*, impenetrability. It is as impossible that two thoughts can coexist in the same mind at the same time, as that two particles of matter can occupy the same space."

A GOOD REPORT.—Hon. Alex. H. Stephens, of Georgia, was once running for Congress with an opponent of unusually large stature, and on the stump one day the discussion became exceedingly warm. Whereupon the large man said to Stephens, who is small and delicate, 'Why, I could button your ears back and swallow you whole sir?' To which rude remark Stephens retorted, 'And if you did you would then have more brains in your stomach than you ever had in your head!' The laughter which followed effectually dissipated the ill-humor which was gaining ground.

A GOOD WITNESS.—Did the defendant knock the plaintiff down with a malice pretence?

No sir he knocked him down with a flat iron.

You misunderstand me, my friend, I want to know whether he attacked him with an evil intent.

Oh no sir, it was on the outside of the tent.

No, no; I wish you to tell me whether the attack was at all a preconcerted affair.

No sir, it was not a free concert affair, it was a circus.

☞ Sheridan agreed with Walker about the word wind—pronouncing it wind; but differed from him with respect to gold, which he would pronounce goold. Sheridan tells us that Swift used to jeer those who pronounced wind with a short i, saying 'I have a great minn'd to finn'd why you pronounce it winn'd.' An illiberal critic retorted this upon Mr. Sheridan, by saying 'if I may be so boold, I should be glad to be toold why you pronounce it goold.'

☞ 'Esq.' at the end of a man's name, is like the curl in a pig's tail—more for ornament than use.


## SWAN & CO'S LOTTERIES TRIUMPHANT!!

SWAN & CO.
CONTINUE TO DRAW AS USUAL WITHOUT INTERRUPTION.

SWAN & CO.'S
*Are Legal, and authorized by the State of Georgia.*

THE LATE ATTEMPT TO INJURE
OUR FIRM HAS SHOWN
THAT OUR LOTTERIES ARE DRAWN FAIRLY;
THAT OUR PRIZES ARE PAID PUNCTUALLY;
AND THAT OUR SCHEMES
ARE MORE LIBERAL THAN ANY OTHER LOTTERY
IN THE WORLD!

The following Scheme will be drawn by S. Swan & Co., Managers of the Sparta Academy Lottery, in each of their Single Number Lotteries for August 1858, at AUGUSTA, GEORGIA, in public, under the superintendence of Commissioners:

Class 27 draws on Saturday, August 7, 1858.
Class 28 draws on Saturday, August 14, 1858.
Class 29 draws on Saturday, August 21, 1858.
Class 30 draws on Saturday, August 28, 1858.

ON THE PLAN OF SINGLE NUMBERS.
50,000 Tickets!
FIVE THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FIVE PRIZES!
*Nearly one Prize to every Nine Tickets!*
MAGNIFICENT SCHEME!
TO BE DRAWN EACH SATURDAY IN AUGUST.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 Prize of | $10,000 | 4 Prize of | | | 900 |
| 1 " " | 5,000 | 4 " " | | | 800 |
| 1 " " | 2,500 | 4 " " | | | 700 |
| 1 " " | 5,0 | 4 " " | | | 600 |
| 1 " " | 4,000 | 50 Prize of | | | 500 |
| 1 " " | 3,000 | 50 " " | | | 300 |
| 1 " " | 1,500 | 100 " " | | | 125 |
| 4 " " | 1,000 | 230 " " | | | 100 |
| APPROXIMATION PRIZES. | | | | | |
| 4 Prizes of $400 Approx'ting. to | | | $70,000 Prize are | | $1,600 |
| 4 " " 800 | " " | 30,000 | " " | | 1,200 |
| 4 " " 200 | " " | 10,000 | " " | | 800 |
| 4 " " 125 | " " | 5,000 | " " | | 500 |
| 4 " " 100 | " " | 4,000 | " " | | 400 |
| 4 " " 75 | " " | 3,000 | " " | | 300 |
| 4 " " 50 | " " | 1,500 | " " | | 200 |
| 5,000 " " 20 are | | | | | 100,000 |

5,485 Prizes amounting to $320,000
Whole Tickets $10; Halves $5; Quarters $2,50.

☞ A Circular showing the plan of the Lotteries will be sent to any one desirous of receiving it.

Certificates of Packages will be sold at the following rates which is the risk:

| | |
|---|---|
| Certificate of package of 10 Whole Tickets, | $30 |
| " " 10 Half " | 40 |
| " " 10 Quarter " | 20 |
| " " 10 Eight " | 10 |

IN ORDERING TICKETS OR CERTIFICATES.

Enclose the money to our address for the tickets ordered, or receipt of which they will be forwarded by first mail—Purchasers can have tickets ending in any number they may designate.

The list of Drawn Numbers and Prizes will be sent to purchasers immediately after the drawing.

Purchasers will please write their signatures plain, and give their Post Office, County and State.

Remember that every Prize is drawn and payable in full without deduction.

All prizes of $1,000 and under, paid immediately after the drawing—other prizes at the usual time of 30 days.

All communications strictly confidential.

Address orders for tickets or certificates to

S. SWAN & CO., *Augusta, Ga.*

Persons residing near Montgomery, Ala., or Atalanta, Ga. can have their orders filled, and save time, by addressing S. Swan & Co. at either of those cities.

A list of the numbers that are drawn from the wheel, with the amount of the prize that each one is entitled to, will be published after every drawing, in the following papers:—*New Orleans Delta, Mobile Register, Charleston Standard, Nashville Gazette, Atlanta Intelligencer, New York Weekly Day Book, Savannah Morning News, Richmond Dispatch, New York Dispatch, and Paulding (Miss.) Clarion Augusta (Geo.) Constitutionalist.* [Jan.7-1y.

## MARYLAND STATE LOTTERIES

FOR JULY, 1858.

R. FRANCE & CO.,

Managers of the Maryland State Lotteries, present the following Splendid Schemes

FOR AUGUST, 1858.

They caution purchasers of Tickets to beware of ordering Tickets in Lotteries where extraordinary large Capitals are offered for a small cost of Tickets—all such are swindles.

The Maryland Lotteries have been in existence for Forty Years. They are drawn by a State Officer, and can be relied on. If you draw a Prize, you will get your money.—The whole country is flooded with bogus Lottery concerns. Beware of them.

☞ Order in the Maryland State Lotteries.

MAGNIFICENT SCHEME.
MARYLAND STATE LOTTERY, CLASS N,
To be drawn in Baltimore City, on Saturday, August 21st, 1858:

☞ 12 Drawn Ballots in each Package of 26 tickets, ☜

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 Grand Prize of | $40,000 | 1 Prize of | $2,000 |
| 1 Prize of | 10,000 | 1 Prize of | 2,000 |
| 1 Prize of | 10,000 | 1 Prize of | 2,000 |
| 1 Prize of | 5,057 | 1 Prize of | 2,000 |
| 1 Prize of | 5,000 | 29 Prize of | 1,200 |
| 1 Prize of | 5,000 | 20 Prize of | 600 |
| 1 Prize of | 5,000 | 20 Prize of | 500 |
| 1 Prize of | 2,000 | 143 Prize of | 400 |
| 1 Prize of | 2,000 | 66 Prize of | 100 |
| 1 Prize of | 2,000 | 66 Prize of | 50 |
| 1 Prize of | 2,000 | 60 Prize of | 30 |
| 1 Prize of | 2,000 | 4,158 Prize of | 20 |
| 1 Prize of | 2,000 | 2,744 Prize of | 11,76 |

30,316 Prizes, amounting to $901,000.

Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2,50—Eighths $1,25.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| A Certificate of Package of | 26 Wholes, costs | | $158 00 |
| Do. | do. | 26 Halves, | 79 00 |
| Do. | do. | 26 Quarters, | 39 50 |
| Do. | do. | 26 Eighths, | 19 75 |

## HAVANA PLAN.

This is the old mode of Drawing. Prizes in one Wheel and Tickets in another.

Every Prize is drawn out.

*Every Prize paid in full without deduction!*

MARYLAND STATE LOTTERY, EXTRA CLASS O,
To be drawn in Baltimore, Md., Saturday, Aug. 28th, 1858.
29,165 Prizes! 40,000 Numbers!!

We would call particular attention to the following splendid scheme, a package of 16 whole tickets costing only $80—and every other ticket being warranted to draw $10, determined by the number drawing the Capital Prize, whether odd or even.

SPLENDID SCHEME!

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 Prize of | $35,000 | 4 Appr'x to | $200 |
| 1 Prize of | 10,000 | 4 " | 100 |
| 1 Prize of | 5,000 | 4 " | 50 |
| 1 Prize of | 2,400 | 4 " | 50 |
| 1 Prize of | 2,000 | 4 " | 50 |
| 1 Prize of | 1,000 | 8 " | 50 |
| 1 Prize of | 1,000 | | |
| 1 Prize of | 500 | 8 " | 50 |
| 1 Prize of | 500 | | |
| 1 Prize of | 400 | 8 " | 50 |
| 1 Prize of | 400 | | |
| 1 Prize of | 200 | 8 " | 50 |
| 10 Prizes of | 200 | | |
| 100 Prizes of | 100 are | | 10,000 |
| 20,000 Prizes of | 10 are | | 200,000 |

Whole Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2,50

A Managers' Certificate of 16 Wholes—where persons wish to pay the risk only, will be sent for $80

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Do. | do. | 16 Halves, | 40 |
| Do. | do. | 16 Quarters, | 20 |
| Do. | do. | 16 Eighths, | 10 |

The Managers have been compelled from the numerous complaints made to them, of unfaithfulness on the part of those who have been attending to the filling of orders, to resume the correspondence business in their own name.

Order tickets from the Managers only.

Address all letters to R. FRANCE & CO.
March 4-1y] Baltimore, Md.

HOUSE, SIGN, ORNAMENTAL & CARRIAGE PAINTING.—The undersigned beg leave to inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that they have commenced the business only

*HOUSE, SIGN, ORNAMENTAL AND CARRIAGE PAINTING, GLAZING, PAPER-HANGING, VARNISHING, &C., &C.,*

in all their various branches, and are prepared to do all work entrusted to them with neatness and despatch.

They have on hand a large assortment of painting materials and Window Glass of all sizes, also Stained Glass and Looking Glass Plates, which enables them to do work in an improved style and at reduced rates.

By strict attention to business we hope to merit a share of public patronage.

Our room is on Virginia street, immediately opposite Kessler's Drug Store. KEYES & WALSH.
April 8, 1858-3m*

## BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

A NEW STOCK OF READY-MADE CLOTHING
SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON, JUST RECEIVED BY
ETTINGER & ULLMAN,
AND NOW BEING DISPOSED OF AT PRICES WHICH DEFY COMPETITION.

MR. ULLMAN announces that he is is always on hand and will take great pleasure in waiting upon all who may favor him with a call. He feels confident that he will be able to render satisfaction both in quality and price. [April 15-3m

RAISINS.—1,000 BOXES BUNCH and Layer Raisins in store and for sale by
WM. N. SHUGARD,
March 25, '58-1y] 101 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

CONFECTIONARY.—PLAIN AND fine Confectionary manufactured and for sale by
WM. N. SHUGARD,
March 25, '58-1y] 101 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

SPECTACLES AND EYE PRESERvers for sale at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

NOVEL AND EXTRAORDINARY!
NEW SCHEDULE OF PREMIUMS of the United States Journal Publishing House.

Encouraged by the unexampled success of our novel and extraordinary Premium Offers, in the circulation of the long-established and popular pictorial monthly, the UNITED STATES JOURNAL, and in the sale of our valuable Books, we now announce our new programme of premiums for the season of 1858 and 1859, embracing the celebrated A 1 Union Series of twelve large and splendid Steel Plate Engravings, and a schedule of GOLD WATCHES, RICH JEWELRY of all kinds, GOLD PENS, etc., offered on a scale of liberality surpassing all previous offers.

Our jewelry is composed exclusively of the richest first-class articles, warranted to be solid gold, or precisely as represented, and every person selects his own premium.—Ours is the only Publishing House that offers Premiums on this plan, or that furnishes this class of Jewelry.

The following is a list of a few of the articles, with the amount of the club for which it is given as a premium, and the postage required for its delivery by mail:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Splendid Detached Lever, Enameled Dial eighteen carat Gold Watch, warranted a perfect time-keeper, | $30 | 00 |
| Elegant Lepine Enameled Dial 18 carat Gold Watch, | 50 | 00 |
| Large Double-Slide Gold Pencil and Gold Pen, warranted to be solid gold throughout, | 6 | 00 |
| Beautiful Gold Pencil, warranted to be solid gold throughout, | 2 | 00 |
| Gold Pencil, Gold Watch Key, and Gold Tooth Pick combined, | 8 | 00 |
| Extension Silver-Case Pencil (warranted same as coin) and Gold Pen, | 2 | 50 |
| Rich Gold Band Bracelet, | 4 | 00 |
| Fancy Gold Mosaic Bracelet, | 8 | 00 |
| Superb lined Gold Locket, engr'd and turned, | 4 | 00 |
| Set of Gold Cameo Ear Drops, | 5 | 00 |
| Set of Gold Coral Ear Drops, | 6 | 00 |
| Gold Cameo Pin for Lady, | 5 | 00 |
| Gold Florentine Pin for Lady, | 5 | 00 |
| Gold Bar Cluster Pin for Gentleman, | 2 | 00 |
| Set of Gold Cameo Studs, | 3 | 00 |
| Set of Engraved, Lined Gold Studs, | 2 | 00 |
| Set of Gold Carnelian Sleeve Buttons for Lady or Gentleman, | 4 | 00 |
| Superb Friendship Ring, solid sixteen carat gold, richly enameled, | 4 | 00 |
| A Mizar Ring, solid sixteen carat gold, set with stone, | 2 | 00 |

Postage.
9c.
9c.
9c.
9c.
9c.
9c.
9c.
6c.
6c.
6c.
6c.
8c.
3c.
8c.
3c.

Among the Engravings are:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| The Signing of the Death Warrant of Lady Jane Grey, from the celebrated painting by Daniel Huntington, 22 inches long by 17 wide. | $1 | 00 |
| The Trapper's Last Shot, from the great painting by W. Ranney, 18x24, | 1 | 00 |
| The Angler's Daughter, from the great painting by Landseer, | 50 | |
| Sparkling, from painting by W. F. Edwards. | 50 | |

12c.
12c.
9c.
9c.

(*For full Schedule, see your Catalogue.*)

The UNITED STATES JOURNAL contains sixteen large folio pages, ably edited and profusely illustrated. Price only 50 cents a year.

Our Catalogue contains over 1,000 of the most useful, entertaining and popular works of the day.

Any person sending us 50 cents or more, either for the JOURNAL or for Books at the lowest prices, is entitled to the same amount in any of the premiums of his own selection from the schedule. He is also entitled to extra Premiums amounting to $1, and extra Books or Journals amounting to $1 for every club of $10, thus receiving for $10 Books or Journals amounting to $11, and Premiums amounting to $11. The amount to prepay postage on the Premiums, should accompany each order.

Every reader is invited to form a club, and we wish to arrange with some persons at every Post Office to act as local agent and correspondent, who will be richly paid therefor.

Specimens and Catalogues sent free on application. Send on a few subscriptions at once, and select your premiums from the above, or when you receive the Catalogue.

J. M. EMERSON & CO., Publishers,
July 29, 1858. 406 Broadway, New York.

CHEAP GOODS! CHEAP GOODS!—The subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has just received his stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

consisting, in part, of

*LADIES' PLAIN AND FANCY DRESS GOODS.*

such as Silks, Satins, Barages, D'Laines, Challies, Ducals, Lawns, Ginghams, Prints, &c., together with all kinds of Dry Goods, all of which will be sold cheap for cash.

He has also on hand a large stock of

*GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, BOOTS AND SHOES,*

and all other goods usually kept in stores in this place.

Having adopted the CASH SYSTEM in my business and being resolved to carry it out, I have marked my goods at CASH PRICES, and invite inspection and comparison, in regard to prices and quality, with those of any other store in the town. Give me a call and judge for yourselves.

Country produce taken in exchange for goods, at the highest market prices.

April 29-1y] J. B. HILEMAN.

SAVING FUND, FIVE PER CENT INTEREST. NATIONAL SAFETY TRUST CO., *Wall and street, S. W. Corner of Third, Philadelphia.* Incorporated by the State of Pennsylvania.

Money is received in any sum, large or small, and interest paid from the day of deposit to the day of withdrawal.

The office is open every day from 9 o'clock in the morning till 5 o'clock in the afternoon, and on Monday and Thursday evenings till 8 o'clock.

Hon. HENRY L. BENNER, *Pres't.*
ROBERT SELFRIDGE, *Vice-Pres't.*
WM. J. REED, *Secretary.*

DIRECTORS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Hon. Henry L. Benner, | F. Carrol Brewster, |
| Edward L. Carter, | Joseph B. Barry, |
| Robert Selfridge, | Francis Lee, |
| Saml K. Ashton, | Joseph Yerkes, |
| C. Landreth Munns, | Henry Dieffenderfer. |

Money is received and payments made daily without notice.

The investments are made in REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES, GROUND RENTS, and such first class securities as the Charter requires [Mar2-3m.

W. CUNNINGHAM. D. CUNNINGHAM. R. CUNNINGHAM.
D. IRMSEN, G. DUNCAN.

CUNNINGHAMS & CO.,
PITTSBURGH CITY GLASS WORKS,
WAREHOUSE 109 WATER ST. AND 140 FIRST ST.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Between Wood and Smithfield,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Pittsburgh City Window Glass,
DRUGGISTS' GLASS-WARE,
AND AMERICAN CONVEX GLASS,
For Parlor Windows, Churches and Public Buildings.
Altoona, April 1, 1858-1y.]

ENTERPRISE WORKS,
NO. 136 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.
BOWN & TETLEY,
Manufacturers of Rifles, Guns, Surgical and Dental Instruments, &c.
RIFLE GUNS.

We would call attention to our stock in the above line, knowing that we cannot be beat either in the quality or price. Being largely engaged in this branch of business, we defy all competition. All our rifles are warranted or no sale. Hardware, Sporting Materials, Cutlery, Pistols, Guns, Revolvers, Flasks, Belts, Powder, Shot, Balls, Caps, Fancy Hardware and Sporting Equipage, in all its variety, which we offer low for Cash.
Pittsburgh, April 1, 1858-1y.

LYCOMING COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, agent of the Lycoming Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property* of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any company in the State. Office in the Masonic Temple.
Jan. 3, '58-tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agent.*

WEST BRANCH INSURANCE CO.—The undersigned, Agent for Blair county, will take short and long risks on Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any company in the State. Risks also taken on the lives of horses. Office in Masonic Temple. JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agent.*
March 18, 1858-1y.

LIQUORS.—A LARGE AMOUNT of well selected LIQUORS has been received at the "LOGAN HOUSE," Hollidaysburg, which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, wholesale or retail. The man who wants has only to call.
[Dec. 17, tf.

RICH TOBACCO AND HIGHLY flavored Cigars, in abundance, can be had at
June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR'S.

ORANGES AND LEMONS.—500 boxes Oranges and Lemons in store and for sale by
WM. N. SHUGARD,
March 25, '58-1y] 101 North 3d street, Philadelphia.

SETTEES FOR SALE.—THE UNdersigned has on hand a lot of Settees which he will sell cheap for cash. JOHN SHOEMAKER,
March 25-tf.] Masonic Temple.

YOU CAN ALWAYS OBTAIN ALL kinds of Flour and Feed by calling at
June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR'S.

EVERYBODY IS INVITED TO call and test the merits of the articles kept by
June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR.

LOTS FOR SALE.—12 BUILDING Lots, situate in different localities, in this Borough for sale on reasonable terms, by [27-tf.] J. SHOEMAKER.

HAIR OILS, COLOGNES, POMades, Shaving Cream, Toilet Soaps, &c. for sale by
1-tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

GREAT DISCOVERY OF THE AGE
IMPORTANT TO
TOBACCO CHEWERS.
DR. GUSTAV LINSARD'S TASTE RESTORATIVE TROCHES, *the great Substitute for Tobacco.*

It is a well known and incontrovertible fact that the use of Tobacco is the promoting cause of many of the most severe

MENTAL AND PHYSICAL DISORDERS

to which the race of man is subject, as careful analysis and long and painful experience have clearly proven that it contains certain narcotic and poisonous properties most dangerous in their effects, which by entering into the blood derange the functions and operations of the Heart, causing many to suppose that organ to be seriously diseased.

TOBACCO affects also the entire nervous system, manifesting itself—as all who have ever used the noxious weed will bear testimony—in Lassitude, Nervous Irritability, Water Brash, Dyspepsia, and many other disorders of a similar character.

THE TASTE RESTORATIVE TROCHES

Are designed to counteract these baneful influences, and have proved completely successful in a multitude of cases, and wherever used. Being harmless in themselves they exert a beneficial effect upon the entire system, restoring the Taste which has become vitiated or destroyed by great indulgence, completely removing the irritation and accompanying tickling sensation of the Throat—which are always consequent upon abstaining from the use of Tobacco, and by giving a healthy tone to the Stomach, invigorate the whole system.

Persons who are irretrievably thirdreminding their constitutions and shortening their lives, should use these Troches immediately and throw off the injurious and and unpleasant habit of Tobacco Chewing.

These Troches of Lozenges are put up in a convenient and portable form at the low price of 50 Cents per Box. A liberal discount to the Trade.

Prepared solely by the undersigned to whom all orders should be addressed.

JAMES E. BOWERS, Druggist.
March 18, 1y.] Cor. 2d and Race street, Phila.

JOHN BRYAR & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
WINES & LIQUORS,
AND
RECTIFYING DISTILLERS,
155 *Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.,*

Beg leave respectfully to inform their old customers and the public generally, that they have on hand and are constantly receiving direct from the importers, a large supply of the very choicest brands of Liquors Among their large assortment may be found

Wines, Brandies, Gin, Cordials, Jamaica Spirits,
St. Croix and New England Rum, Champagne,
Irish, Scotch, Bourbon, Old Monongahela
and Rectified Whisky,
Peach, Wild Cherry, Blackberry, Strawberry and Raspberry Brandies, &c., &c., &c.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited, and all orders entrusted to our care will be promptly attended to. Country Dealers will find it to their advantage to call upon us as we are determined to sell nothing but the very best.
Pittsburgh, April 1, 1858-1y.

E. P. MIDDLETON & BROTHER,
*Importers and Dealers in Wines and Liquors,*
return their thanks to their friends for the liberal share of patronage heretofore bestowed, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, at the OLD ESTABLISHMENT, NO. 5 N. FRONT ST., Philadelphia, where they have a large assortment of WINES and LIQUORS of the choicest brands and qualities. Having made arrangements with some of the first houses in Cognac and Rochelle, enables them to furnish to their customers upon the most reasonable terms, the following brands of Cognac and Rochelle Brandies:

BRANDIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| *Otard, Hennessy, Marett,* | *Pinnett, Castillion, Martell,* |
| *T Hines, Pellerouin,* | *J. J. Depuy & Co.* |
| *A. Seignette, &c., &c.* | |

WINES.

| | |
|---|---|
| *Champagne, Old Oporto,* | *Burgundy, Madeira, Tenerife.* |
| *Claret, Sherry, Lisbon,* | *Hock. Muscat & Malaga Wines* |
| *of various brands and qualities.* | |

Holland Gin, Scheidam Schnapps, Jamaica Spirits, Scotch and Irish Whiskeys; Peach, Apple, Lavender, Blackberry, Raspberry, Cherry and Ginger Brandies; Cordials, Wine Bitters, Amsterdam Bitters, &c.

Also, constantly on hand, an extensive stock of *OLD WHEAT, MONONGAHELA and BOURBON WHISKEYS* of various grades, some of which we guarantee to be superior to any in the country.

☞ From our long experience in the business, and thorough knowledge of the tastes of the community, we flatter ourselves to be able to fill all orders that may be entrusted to us. Orders from the country (which are most respectfully solicited) will be promptly attended to. Great care taken in packing and shipping.

All goods sent from our establishment are guaranteed to give satisfaction, with the privilege of being returned.
Feb. 25-1y] E. P. MIDDLETON & BRO.

APRIL, 1858.
GREAT INDUCEMENTS OFFERED AT THE
HALL OF FASHIONS.

THE subscriber has the pleasure of announcing to the citizens of Altoona and the "rest of mankind," that he is just receiving from Philadelphia and New York, a beautiful assortment of BRITISH, FRENCH and AMERICAN DRY GOODS, consisting in part, of

ROBE A' QUILLE, CRAPE DI ESPANGE,
FANCY OPHUN BAREGE, PLAIN OPHUN BAREGE,
CHALLIES, DUCALS,
FRENCH LAWNS—BEAUTIFUL STYLES,
SCOTCH " " from 6¼ upwards
FANCY DRESS SILKS, BLACK DRESS SILKS,
FIGURED BRILLIANTS, GINGHAMS, PRINTS, &c.,
in great variety. He would call especial attention to his stock of SHAWLS, which for *style, quality and cerity,* cannot be surpassed, and must be seen to be appreciated.

The assortment of White Goods and Ladies' Dress Trimmings are all that fashion could desire. Among his stock of Ladies' Misses and Children's Gaiters and Shoes will be found a full line from the best city manufacturers.

His stock of Groceries, Queensware, Hardware, &c., is complete.

He hopes his Goods and PRICES (which by the way defy competition,) will meet the approval of all who call upon him. Your patronage is respectfully solicited.
April 29-3m. CHAS. J. MANN.

THE SUMMER SEASON—JESSE SMITH would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona and the public generally that he has just returned from the East with a large and varied assortment of

HATS AND CAPS,

Which he purchased at low prices for cash and will sell at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, at but a small advance on the original cost. His stock comprises HATS and CAPS of every description, size and shape. All who are in want of anything in his line will do well to give him a call, as he feels confident he can suit the most fastidious, in quality and price.

He is always ready and willing to exhibit his stock *free of charge,* so that none need fear to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Remember that his store is on Virginia street, directly opposite the Lutheran Church. [April 8-3m.

H. FETTINGER'S
GREAT CENTRAL LITERARY EMPORIUM,
NO. 1, "ALTOONA HOUSE," ALTOONA, PA.,

Where may be had all the popular Publications of the day, such as Daily and Weekly Papers, Magazines, Novels and Romances. Miscellaneous Books, School Books, Copy Books, Slates, Pens, Pencils, Inks, Can and Letter Paper, Envelopes, Drawing and Tissue Paper, Blank Books and in fact everything in the Stationary line. Toys, Notions and Games of every variety, Pictures and Picture Frames, Tobacco and Segars of the best quality, &c., &c.

N. B.—We are sole Wholesale and Retail Agent, in this county, for ROHN'S CELEBRATED SALVE. It does perfectly cure all sores to which it is applied. Try it. [7-tf.

BLAIR COUNTY INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, Agent of the Blair County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property,* of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any Company in the State. Office in the Masonic Temple.
Jan. 3, '58-tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agent.*

COAL! COAL! COAL! COAL!—The subscriber would respectfully inform the consumers of COAL in Altoona, that he is constantly receiving all kinds of COAL, which he is ready to deliver at all times and to any part of the town. Office at residence, in North Ward.
June 17-2m] JOHN ALLISON.

CONVEYANCING.—ALL KINDS of writing done at the shortest notice.—Deeds, Mortgages, &c., executed in the neatest manner by
[Jan. 3, 1857-tf.] JOHN SHOEMAKER,
Masonic Temple, Altoona.

O YES! O YES!—GENTLEMEN draw nigh and hear. JOSEPH P. TROUT announces to the public, that he is ready to discharge his duty as an Auctioneer whenever called upon. [Jan. 2, '56.

HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPtions just received and for sale by
Oct. 15-tf] J. B. HILEMAN.

HAIR, HAT, TOOTH, SHAVING, Paint, Sash and Varnish Brushes at
KESSLER'S.

HAMS, SIDE, SHOULDER, DRIED Beef, &c., always on hand at
June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR'S.

PINE AND LARD OILS, CAMphene, Burning Fluid, Carbon Oil, &c., at
Jan. 3, '58-tf] KESSLER'S.

NONE BUT THE BEST CONFECtionaries, Nuts and Fruits kept at
June 18, '57-1y] HENRY LEHR'S.

IRON CITY COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
PITTSBURGH, PENNA. Chartered 1855.
Board of 12 Trustees. Faculty of 14 Teachers.
EMPHATICALLY THE BUSINESS MAN'S COLLEGE.
Largest and most complete Commercial College in the United States.
In daily attendance upwards of 200 Students.

PRINCIPAL DEPARTMENT.

F. W. JENKINS, Principal.
J. C. SMITH, A. M., Professor of Accounts & Book-keeping.
I. I. HITCHCOCK, Professor of Arithmetic, and Commercial Calculations.
JOHN FLEMING, Author of the "National System of Book-keeping," Lecturer on Business, its Customs and Usages.
J. W. BENTLINGER, Professor of Arithmetic, Book-keeping and Phonography.
A. COWLEY and A. F. BOUTHETT, Professors of Pen and Ornamental Penmanship.
D. HAGON, Lecturer on Political Economy.
JAMES H. HOPKINS, Esq., of the Pittsburgh Bar, Lecturer on Commercial Law.
JAMES W. KENNEDY, of "Kennedy's Bank Note Review," Lecturer on Counterfeit, Altered and Spurious Bank Notes.

DESIGN OF THE INSTITUTION.

To furnish the best means for acquiring a THOROUGH BUSINESS EDUCATION, in the shortest time and at the least expense, comprising instruction in

DOUBLE AND ENTRY BOOK-KEEPING,

as applied to Merchandising, Banking, Railroading, &c.

STEAMBOAT BOOK-KEEPING,

With all the recent improvements, taught without extra charge.

PENMANSHIP.

Rapid Writing, with every variety and style of Business and Ornamental Penmanship.

ARITHMETIC.

And a thorough course of Counting House Calculations.

COUNTERFEIT AND ALTERED NOTES.

Full instructions given in this important branch of business education.

LECTURES DAILY, ON BOOK-KEEPING,

Usages, Laws and Customs of Commerce, Finance and Banking, Political Economy, Counterfeit Notes, and other subjects having practical relation to active business.

TERMS, &c.

| | |
|---|---|
| Book-keeping, Full Commercial Course, | $35,00 |
| Stationary, about | 5,00 |
| Board per week, can be obtained for | 2,50 |

☞ Students are not charged extra for Steamboat Book-keeping, Arithmetic or Diploma.

STUDENTS

Can enter at any time—(no vacation) review at pleasure—time unlimited—usual length of course from eight to twelve weeks.

REFERENCE.

Four hundred and eighty-seven students entering from the City alone within one year besides the many from the country

DIRECTIONS.

Specimens of Writing and Circulars, containing full information, sent by mail free of charge.

Address F. W. JENKINS,
Iron City College, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ PREMIUM PENMANSHIP.—No less than EIGHT FIRST PREMIUMS were awarded this Department in the fall Premium Competitors, for best writing. These, with other previous Premiums, were given in Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Virginia, Pennsylvania, and in Louisville, Ky., at the United States Fair, and all for work actually done with PEN and INK, and not for *Engraved* Penmanship. Our Penmen are fully competent to do their own work without the *aid* of the engraver to make it respectable. [aug.27-1y

INTENSE EXCITEMENT!—McCORMICK'S NEW GOODS HAVE ARRIVED AND ARE NOW BEING OPENED FOR INSPECTION AND SALE.

"Halloo, neighbor, I'm here on the ground again. Perhaps you recollect when I, last year, asked you to hold my horse a moment and tell me where your CHEAP STORE was. But it is different now. It reminds me a little of the campaign of 1840, when Gen. Harrison was elected President. You have only to go with the crowd and you will have no difficulty in finding McCORMICK'S STORE. From the excitement down the valley, and the quantity of goods I see carried away, they must be selling off very rapidly and very cheap."

"You are right, my friend; I would say to you, sir, go ahead and your anticipations will be fully realized. He has a very large and well selected assortment of Goods. He'll sell you a dress for *fifty cents* and give the trimmings into the bargain, I'm told, and all other goods in proportion."

"Good bye, neighbor, that's where I am going to buy my goods."

"That's right, and so should everybody else. Good bye."

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
STONEWARE,
CEDARWARE,

Hats and Caps, very cheap Bonnets, Misses' Flats, &c.; ladies' Gaiters, Shoes and Slippers, with Misses, Boys and Men's Boots and Shoes, and every other article kept in a first class country store, can be had *cheap for cash,* at McCormick's.

All articles of country produce taken in exchange for goods. R. H. McCORMICK.
Altoona, May 13, 1858.-1y

ANOTHER REDUCTION IN PRICE at McCormick's Store.

Having adopted the CASH SYSTEM, (or at least credit will not be given to any other than those who are *willing and can* give satisfactory reference and assurance of prompt monthly payment,) and desiring to make it the interest of all to patronize our store, we have made a very great reduction in the prices of all descriptions of goods and will give our entire time and attention to keeping up an assortment to suit the wants of our customers, such as

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
CEDARWARE,
STONEWARE,
BOOTS & SHOES.

Gaiters, Slippers, Hats and Caps, Dried Fruit, etc., all of which will be sold as cheap as the cheapest.

All articles of produce taken in exchange for goods at their highest market price.

Thankful for past favors, we hope to share the patronage of those who are in want of goods. [March 25-tf.

THE GREAT QUESTION WHICH now agitates the mind of every person is, where can I get the best article for my money? In regard to other matters, the subscriber would not attempt to direct, but if you want anything in the line of

BOOTS OR SHOES

he invites an examination of his stock and work.

He keeps constantly on hand an assortment of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., which he offers at fair prices.

He will give special attention to custom work, all of which will be warranted to give satisfaction. None but the best workmen are employed

Remember my shop is on Main street, next door to B. Kerr's old stand, now W. O'Neil's.
September 3, '57-tf] JOHN H. ROBERTS.

EXCHANGE HO